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ABBREVIATIONS

CAG	Controller and Auditor General
IAS	International Accounting Standards
INTOSAI	International Organization of Supreme Audit Institutions
IPSAS	International Public Sector Accounting Standards
IPSAS ISA	International Public Sector Accounting Standards International Standards on Auditing
ISSAIs MDAs NAO	International Standard of Supreme Audit Institutions Ministries, Departments and Agencies National Audit Office
PAA PAC PAR PFA PPA	Public Audit Act No.11 of 2008 Public Accounts Committee Public Audit Regulation, 2009 Public Finance Regulations, 2009 Public Audit Act No.11 of 2008
PPR	Public Procurement Regulations, 2013
SUA	Sokoine University of Agriculture
URT	United Republic of Tanzania
VC	Vice Chancellor

1.0 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1. Vision, Mission and Core Values

Vision

To be a highly regarded Institution that excels in Public Sector Auditing.

Mission

To provide high quality audit services that improves public sector performance, accountability and transparency in the management of public resources.

Core Values

In providing quality services, NAO is guided by the following Core Values:

- ✓ Objectivity: We are an impartial public institution, offering audit services to our clients in unbiased manner.
- Excellence: We are professionals providing high quality audit services based on standards and best practices.
- ✓ Integrity: We observe and maintain high standards of ethical behavior, rule of law and a strong sense of purpose.
- ✓ **People focus:** We value, respect and recognize interest of our stakeholders.
- ✓ Innovation: We are a learning and creative public institution that promotes value added ideas within and outside the institution.
- Results Oriented: We are an organization that focuses on achievement based on performance targets.
- Team work Spirit: We work together as a team, interact professionally, share knowledge, ideas and experiences.

We do this by:-

- Contributing to better stewardship of public funds by ensuring that our clients are accountable for the resources entrusted to them;
- Helping to improve the quality of public services by supporting innovation on the use of public resources;
- Providing technical advice to our clients on operational gaps in their operating systems;
- Systematically involve our clients in the audit process and audit cycles; and
- Providing audit staff with appropriate training, adequate working tools and facilities that promote their independence.

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1.2. Audit Objectives

To obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and are prepared in accordance with an applicable financial reporting framework; and whether laws and regulations have been complied with.

1.3. Mandate

The statutory duties and responsibilities of the Controller and Auditor General are given under Article 143 of the Constitution of the URT of 1977 (revised 2005) and in Sect. 10 (1) of the Public Audit Act No.11 of 2008.

1.4. Audit Scope

The audit was carried out in accordance with the, the International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs) and other audit procedures as were deemed appropriate under the circumstances. This covered the evaluation of the effectiveness of the financial accounting system and internal control over various activities of the Sokoine University of Agriculture.

The audit was conducted on a sample basis; therefore, the findings are confined to the extent that records, documents and information requested for the purpose of the audit were made available to me. Audit findings and recommendations arising from the examination of the accounting records, appraisal of the activities as well as evaluation of the Internal Control System which requires management's attention and actions, are set out in the management letter issued separately to the Sokoine University of Agriculture.

As auditor, I am not required to specifically search for fraud and therefore, my audit cannot be relied upon to disclose all such matters. However, my audit was planned in such a way that I would have reasonable expectations of detecting material errors and misstatement in the financial statements resulting from irregularities including fraud. The responsibility for detection, prevention of irregularities and the maintenance of an effective and adequate system of internal control rests with the management of the Sokoine University of Agriculture.

1.5. Audit Methodology

My audit approach included tests of the accounting records and other procedures in order to satisfy the audit objectives. My audit procedures included the following:

- Planning the audit to identify and assess risks of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, based on an understanding of the entity and its environment, including the entity's internal controls.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence about whether material misstatements exist, through designing and implementing appropriate responses to the assessed risks.
- Form an opinion on the financial statements based on conclusions drawn from the audit evidence obtained.
- Follow up on the implementation of the previous year's audit findings and recommendations to ensure that proper action has been taken in respect of all matters raised.

REPORT OF THE UNIVERSITY COUNCIL (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

2.0 REPORT OF THE UNIVERSITY COUNCIL FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

2.1 Introduction

The Council Members of Sokoine University of Agriculture are pleased to present herewith their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2016, which disclose the state of affairs of the University.

2.2 Establishment

Sokoine University of Agriculture (SUA) was established out of the former Faculty of Agriculture, Forestry and Veterinary Science of the University of Dar es Salaam on 1July 1984 by Act No. 6 of Parliament. This Act was later repealed by the Universities Act of 2005, which resulted into granting the SUA Charter of 2007.

2.3 Principal Activities

The principal activities of Sokoine University of Agriculture as stipulated by SUA Charter, among others are as follows:

- a) To prepare graduates to work with Tanzania Community in agriculture, wildlife, livestock, environment and allied sectors for the purpose of development and strengthening of the national economy.
- b) To provide facilities for the conduct of the University education in the fields of/ or related to agriculture, fisheries, forestry, veterinary, environmental science and allied fields.
- c) To conduct examinations for, and to grant degrees, diplomas, certificates and other awards of the University.
- d) To conduct applied and basic research with or without cooperation with other Institutions.
- e) Preservation, transmission, dissemination and enhancement of knowledge in the fields of agriculture, fisheries, forestry, veterinary, environment issues and allied sciences.

2.4 Vision

To be a leading University in the provision of quality knowledge and skills in agriculture and allied sciences.

REPORT OF THE UNIVERSITY COUNCIL (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

2.5 Mission

To promote development in agriculture, natural resources and allied sectors through training, research and delivery of services.

In achieving its vision and fulfilling its mission, the University upholds the principles of academic excellence; integrity, and freedom; efficiency; participatory management, social responsibility; equity and justice; professional and ethical standard and, continuous learning.

2.6 University Council

The University Council is the highest organ at Sokoine University of Agriculture responsible for the overall management of the University. Ordinary meetings of the University Council are held quarterly in a year in accordance with the University charter. In this year 2016/2017, four meetings were held whereby various decisions were made including but not limited to approving the budget for the financial year 2017/2018, audited financial statements, examination results, and new courses of study, promotion and terminations.

S/N	Name	Position	Nationality	Age	Qualification/	Period	Appointee's Authority
				_	Discipline	Served in	
						years	
1	Hon. Phillemon L. Luhanjo				Masters of Public	4	
		Chairman	Tanzanian	66	Administration		Appointee of the President of the
	Hon. Justice M. C. Othman						United Republic of Tanzania
				65	M.A (International Relations)	1	
2	Prof. Esther Mwaikambo	Vice-Chair	Tanzanian		Master of Medicine	1	Appointee of the Chancellor
					(Paediatrics and Child		
					Health)		
3	Prof. G .C. Monela	Member	Tanzanian	60	PhD (Resource Economics)	11 years	
							Appointee of the President of the
	Prof. R.T. Chibunda			51	PhD (Environmental		United Republic of Tanzania
					Technology)	2 months	
4	Prof. P.R. Gillah	Member	Tanzanian	59	PhD (Wood Science and	6	Deputy Vice-Chancellor-Academic (Ex-
					Technology)		Official)
5	Prof. Y. M. Ngaga	Member	Tanzanian	59	(PhD) Resource Economics)	3	Deputy Vice-Chancellor - Administration
							& Finance (Ex-Official)
6	Mrs. Maryam J. Saadalla	Member	Tanzanian	47	M.Phil in Biotechnology	1	Appointee of the Revolutionary

(i) List of members of the University Council who served the University throughout the financial year 2016/17

REPORT OF THE UNIVERSITY COUNCIL (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

							Government of Zanzibar
7	Mr. B. A. Malema	Member	Tanzanian	54	MSc. Agricultural Education	1	Appointee of the Minister responsible
					and Extension		for Agriculture, Livestock and Fisheries
8	Prof. E.M. Nyankweli	Member	Tanzanian	44	PhD (International	1	Appointee of the Minister responsible
					Development Studies)		for Education, Science and Technology
9	Prof. R.T. Chibunda	Member	Tanzanian	51	PhD (Environmental	1	Appointee of the Minister responsible
					Technology)		for Education, Science and Technology

REPORT OF THE UNIVERSITY COUNCIL FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016 (CONTINUED)

2.6 Members of the University Council (Continued)

S/N	Name	Position	Nationality	Age	Qualification/ Discipline	Period Served (years)	Appointee's Authority
10	Mej. Jen. G. S. Milanzi	Member	Tanzanian	60	Master of Security and Strategic Studies	1	Appointee of the Minister responsible for Natural Resources and Tourism
11	Dr. C.A. Mwamwaja	Member	Tanzanian	50	PhD (Finance)	1	Appointee of the Minister responsible for Planning and Finance
12	Mr. W. M. Makere	Member	Tanzanian	56	Diploma in Management Human Resources	5	Elective of Trade Union Congress of Tanzania (TUCTA)
13	Prof. R. S. Mukandala	Member	Tanzanian	63	PhD (Political Science)	9	Elective of the SUA Senate
14	Mr E. Kunyara	Member	Tanzanian	31	B.Sc.(Education), Student	1	Elective of SUA Students Organization (SUASO)
15	Dr. C. W. Werema	Member	Tanzanian	37	MSc. (Molecular Biology)	2	Elective of SUA Academician Staff association (SUASA)
16	Ms. G. L. Donati	Member	Tanzanian	56	MSc. Human Nutrition	2	Elective of the Researchers, Academician & Alliance Workers Union (RAAWU) -SUA
17	Mrs. L. M. Gillah	Corporate Counsel & Secretary to Council	Tanzanian	47	Master of Laws (LLM)	6	University Council

REPORT OF THE UNIVERSITY COUNCIL FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017 (CONTINUED)

2.6 Members of the University Council (Continued)

S/N	Member's Name	Attendance of Members in meetings							
		29/09/2016	15/12/2016	30/03/2017	29/06/2017				
1	Hon. Phillemon L. Luhanjo	Р	Р	Р	AP				
2	Hon. Justice Mohamed C. Othman	N/A	N/A	N/A	Р				
3	Prof. Esther D. Mwaikambo	N/A	N/A	Р	Р				
4	Prof. Gerald C. Monela	Р	Р	Р	N/A				
5	Prof. Raphael T. Chibunda	AP-R	Р	Р	р				
6	Prof. Peter R. Gillah	Р	Р	Р	AP-R				
7	Prof. Yonika M. Ngaga	Р	Р	Р	Р				
8	Mej.Jen. Gaudence S. Milanzi	AP-R	AP-R	AP-R	AP-R				
9	Mr. Winston Makere	Р	Р	Р	Р				
10	Mr. Beatus A. Malema	N/A	Р	AP	Р				
11	Mrs.Maryam J. Saadalla	N/A	Р	Р	Р				
12	Dr. Chacha W. Warema	Р	Р	Р	Р				
13	Mr. Edward Kunyara	N/A	Р	Р	N/A				
14	Mr. Laurent Peter	N/A	N/A	N/A	Р				
15	Prof. E. M. Nyankweli	N/A	N/A	N/A	AP				
16	Prof. Rwekaza S. Mkandala	AP-R	Р	AP-R	Р				
17	Dr. Charles A. Mwamwaja	Р	Р	Р	AP				
18	Ms.Gaudencia L. Donati	Р	Р	Р	Р				
19	Lunyamadzo M. Gillah	Р	Р	Р	Р				

(ii) Register of attendance of Council Members in the University Council meetings

P = Present

AP = Apology

AP-R = Absence with apology-Represented

N/A* = The post/position was vacant

2.7 The University Council has the following Committees

2.7.1 Finance, Planning and Development Committee (FP&DC)

The Finance, Planning and Development Committee monitor the financial performance of the University and its associated legal entities if any. It considers financial policies and issues and makes recommendations to the Council on these matters having regard to the importance of financial sustainability. It also considers and evaluates quarterly financial progress reports, financial statements and budgets of the University and other related financial issues and makes recommendations to the Council thereon. The Committee is chaired by The Deputy Chairperson of the Council and normally meets four times a year.

REPORT OF THE UNIVERSITY COUNCIL FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017 (CONTINUED)

S/No	Name	Position	Nationality	Age	Qualification/Discip line	Period Served in years	Appointees Authority
1.	Prof. E. D. Mwaikambo	Chair	Tanzanian	36	Masters of Medicine, Paediatrics and Child Health	1	Appointee of Chancellor
2.	Prof. G. C. Monela	Member	Tanzanian	60	PhD(Resources Economics)	11 years 2	Vice Chancellor (Ex- official)
	Prof. R. T. Chibunda		Tanzaman	51	PhD(Environmental Technology)	months	,
3.	Prof. P. R. Gillah	Member	Tanzanian	58	PhD(Food Science & Technology)	6	Deputy Vice Chancellor Academic (Ex-official)
4.	Prof. Y. M. Ngaga	Member	Tanzanian	58	PhD(Resources Economics)	3	Deputy Vice Chancellor (Administration & Finance)
5.	Dr. C. A. Mwamwaja	Member	Tanzanian	50	PhD (Finance)	1	University Council
6.	Prof. R. S. Mukandala	Member	Tanzanian	62	PhD (Political Science)	1	University Council
7.	Mr. B. A Malema	Member	Tanzanian	54	Msc. Agricultural Education and Extension)	1	University Council
8.	Ms. G. L. Donati	Member	Tanzanian	55	Msc. Human Nutrition	2	Elective of the Researchers & Alliance Workers union (RAAWU) SUA
9.	Prof. G. Kimbi	Member	Tanzanian	59	PhD(Soil Science)	2	Ex-official Director
10.	Prof. V. R. Muhikambele	Member	Tanzanian	59	PhD (Agric.Animal Science)	5	Ex-official Director of Postgraduate Studies
11.	Prof. S. N. Msolla	Member	Tanzanian	59	PhD(Plant Breeds)	3	Ex-official Principal - Agric.
12.	Prof. A. Sife	Member	Tanzanian	45	PhD (Information)	3	Ex-Official Director SNAL
13.	DR. A. J. Churi	Member	Tanzanian	45	PhD(Computer Science)	2	Ex-Official Director CIC
14.	Prof. J. F. Kessy	Member	Tanzanian	54	PhD(Forest)	2	Ex-Official Principal - Forestry
15.	Prof. Y. C. Muzanila	Member	Tanzanian	59	PhD (Food & Technology)	5	Ex-Official Director- SMC
16.	Prof. A. W. Massawe	Member	Tanzanian	57	PhD (Pest Biology & Ecology)	3	Ex-Official Director - Pest Management
17.	Prof. P.L. Mwang'ingo	Member	Tanzanian	52	PhD (Plant Ecology & Biodiversity)	6	Ex-Official Dean - Faculty of Science
18.	Prof. D. Gabagambi	Member	Tanzanian	51	PhD (Marketing)	2	Dean of School of Agribusiness & Business Studies
19.	Dr. C. W. Werema	Member	Tanzanian	37	MSc. (Molecular Biology)	2	SUASA representative
20.	Mr. Peter Lurent	Member	Tanzanian	31	BSc. Bioprocessing & Postharvest Engineering, (Student)	1	SUASO Representative
21.	Prof. M. J. Kipanyula	Member	Tanzanian	43	PhD (Neurology)	2	Principal VET Medicine
22.	Prof. C. I. Nombo	Member	Tanzanian	48	PhD (Agriculture, Education & Extension)	3	Principal College of Social Sciences
23.	Mr. P. Raphael	Member	Tanzanian	58	CPA(T) MBA	19	Chief Financial Officer
24.	Mr. R. L. Massawe	Member	Tanzanian	58	MA Economics	20	Chief Planning Officer

Members of FP & DC who served during the year were:

Office of the Controller and Auditor General

REPORT OF THE UNIVERSITY COUNCIL FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017 (CONTINUED)

The University Senate

This is one among committees of the University and is responsible for all academic affairs of the University.

The Senate Committee Members who served during the year were:

S/N	Name	Position	Nationality	Age	Qualification/ Discipline	Period Served in years	Appointee's Authority
1	Prof. G. C. Monela Prof. R. T. Chibunda	Member	Tanzanian	60 51	PhD(Resources Economics) PhD (Environmental Technology)	11 years 2 months	Vice-Chancellor (Ex- Official)
2	Prof. P.R. Gillah	Member	Tanzanian	59	PhD (Wood Science and Technology)	5	Deputy Vice Chancellor-Academic (Ex-Official)
3	Prof. Y. M. Ngaga	Member	Tanzanian	59	(PhD) Resource Economics)	2	Deputy Vice-Chancellor - Administration & Finance (Ex-Official)
4	Prof. S. S. Temu	Member	Tanzanian	58	PhD (Accounting)	4	Director, Directorate of Higher Education, Ministry of Education & Vocational Training /Appointee of University Council
5	Prof. R. T. Chibunda	Member	Tanzanian	51	PhD (Environmental Technology)	3	Assistant Director, Ministry of Education, Science & Technology (Appointee of University Council)
6	Prof. M. Kipanyula	Member	Tanzanian	43	PhD(Neurology)	1	Ag. Principal, Prospective college of Veterinary and Medical Sciences
7	Prof. P. L. Mwangingo	Member	Tanzanian	52	PhD (Plant Ecology & Biodiversity)	5	Ag. Principal, Solomon Mahlangu College of Social Science & Education
8	Prof. V. R. M. Muhikambele	Member	Tanzanian	60	PhD (Agric. Animal Science)	5	Director, Directorate of Research and Postgraduate Studies
9	Prof. J. Msuya	Member	Tanzanian	58	PhD (Food Science & Technology)	2	Head, Department of Food Technology, Nutrition &Consumer Sciences
10	Prof. K. P. Sibuga	Member	Tanzanian	65	PhD (Crop Production)	5	Coordinator, Quality Assurance & Promotion Bureau
11	Prof. (Mrs.) Catherine P. Msuya- Bengesi	Member	Tanzanian	47	PhD (AEE)	4	Head, Department of Agricultural Extension and Community Development
12	Prof. A. L. Malisa	Member	Tanzanian	50	PhD (Vet. Medicine)	4	Representative of Solomon Mahlangu College of Social Science & Education
13	Prof. T. Msogoya	Member	Tanzanian	52	PhD (Horticulture)	2	Head, Department of Crop Science & Production

REPORT OF THE UNIVERSITY COUNCIL FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017 (CONTINUED)

4.4		1 4 4 1		45		2	
14	Prof. A. Sife	Member	Tanzanian	45	PhD (Information Sciences)	2	Director, Sokoine National Agriculture Library
15	Prof. E.N. Kimbita	Member	Tanzanian	59	PhD (Vet. Science)	3	Rep. of the Prospective College of Veterinary and Medical Sciences
16	Prof. G. Mbassa	Member	Tanzanian	65	PhD (Vet Medicine)	3	President, SUA Convocation
17	Prof. Apiah Massawe	Member	Tanzanian	57	PhD (Vertebrate- Pest Mgt-Ecoloy)	1	Director, SUA Pest Management Centre
18	Prof. E. Marwa	Member	Tanzanian	60	PhD(Geology)	2	Head, Department of Soil and Geological Sciences
19	Prof. Amin R. E. Kweka	Member	Tanzanian	52	PhD (Forest)	1	Ag. Director, Directorate of Intellectual Property Management and Linkages
20	Prof. G. Kimbi	Member	Tanzanian	59	PhD (Soil Science)	1	Director, institute of Continuing Education
21	Prof. S. N. Msola	Member	Tanzanian	60	PhD(Plant Breeds)	2	Principal, College of Agriculture
22	Dr. Ayubu Churi	Member	Tanzanian	41	PhD (Computer Sciences)	1	Ag. Director, Centre for Information and Communication Technology
23	Prof. D. Gabagambi	Member	Tanzanian	51	PhD(Marketing)	2	Ag. Dean of Prospective School of Agricultural Economics and Business Studies
24	Prof. G. Mwamengele	Member	Tanzanian	62	PhD (Pathology)	6	Ag. Director, Directorate of Undergraduate Studies
25	Prof. John Kessy	Member	Tanzanian	54	PhD (Forest)	1	Ag. Principal, Prospective College of Social Sciences and Humanities
26	Mr. Pule J. Motshabi	Member	Tanzanian	42	MBA (Marketing)	4	Dean of Student
27	Prof. C. Nombo	Member	Tanzanian	48	PhD (Sociology)	5	Ag. Principal Prospective College of Social Sciences and Humanities
28	Dr.J. N. Jeckoniah	Member	Tanzanian	43	PhD(Development Studies)	5	Rep. of prospective College of Social Sciences and Humanities
29	Dr. Chacha Werema	Member	Tanzanian	37	MSc. (Molecular Biology)	2	Chairman, SUASA
30	Dr. N. Madalla	Member	Tanzanian	44	PhD (Aquaculture Nutrition)	2	Head, Department of Animal, Aquaculture & Range Sciences
31	Mr. Ramadhani A. salehe	Member	Tanzanian	32	B.Sc. (Agricultural Eng.)	1	Representative SUASO
32	Mr. Edward Kunyara	Member	Tanzanian	31	BSc (Education in Chemistry & Maths)	1	Representative SUASO
33	Dr. F. J. Mishili	Member	Tanzanian	50	PhD (Ecomomics)	1	Ag. Director, Directorate of Consultancy and Services
34	Ms. Hamida Hamidu	Member	Tanzanian	26	BSc (Food Science & Technology)	1	Representative SUASO
35	Mr. R. L. Massawe	Member	Tanzanian	57	MA (Economics)	20	Chief Planning Officer

Office of the Controller and Auditor General

REPORT OF THE UNIVERSITY COUNCIL FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017 (CONTINUED)

36	Dr. Damas Philip	Member	Tanzanian	46	PhD(Economics)	1	Ag. Director, Directorate of Planning and Development
37	Dr. Baanda A. Salim	Member	Tanzanian	58	PhD (Information Technology)	1	Head, Department of Engineering Sciences and Technology
38	Dr. Agness Sirima	Member	Tanzanian	35	PhD (Tourisim)	1	Head, Department of Tourism and Recreation
39	Dr. Nsajigwa Mbije	Member	Tanzanian	47	PhD (Marine Biology)	1	Head, Department of Wildlife Management
40	Mr. Andrew Msungu	Member	Tanzanian	37	MSc	1	Head, Department of Information and Records Management
41	Dr. Suzana Augustino	Member	Tanzanian	44	PhD (Forest)	1	Representative of College of Forest, Wildlife and Tourism
42	Mr. Godson Mwampamba	Member	Tanzanian	27	BSc Forest, Student	1	Representative SUASO
43	Ms. Agnes Kwaloe	Member	Tanzanian		MSc, Crop Science (Student)	1	Representative SUASO

2.7.2 Audit Committee

The Audit Committee provides oversight of the financial reporting process, the audit process, the system of internal controls and compliances with laws and regulations. The Committee is chaired by member of the University Council and normally meets four times in a year.

Audit Committee Members serve the period 2016/2017 were:

S/N	Name	Position	Nationality	Age	Qualification/ Discipline	Period Served in years	Appointee's Authority
1	Dr. C.A. Mwamwaja	Member	Tanzanian	50	PhD (Finance)	1	University Council
2	Mr. B. A. Malema	Member	Tanzanian	54	MSc. Agricultural Education and Extension	1	University Council
3	Mr. Robert Lugundu	Member	Tanzanian	54	MBA (Corporate Management), CPA (T)	1	University Council
4	Mr. Paul R. Bilabaye	Member	Tanzanian	45	MBA (Finance & IT)	1	University Council
5	Mrs. Hannah Mwakalinga	Member	Tanzanian	50	MBA (Corporate Management), CSPC (T)	1	University Council
6	Mrs. L. M. Gillah	Secretary to Committee	Tanzanian	47	Master of Laws (LLM)	7	University Council

REPORT OF THE UNIVERSITY COUNCIL FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017 (CONTINUED)

2.7.3 Human Resource Committees (Administrative and Academic Staff)

The Human Resource Committees provide oversight of all human resource matters including employee's benefits and oversee compliances with laws and regulations and evaluate good governance The Committees are chaired by the Vice Chancellor and normally meet four times in a year.

(i) Members of Human Resource Committees who served during the year for Administrative Staff were:

S/N	Name	Position	Nationality	Age	Qualification/ Discipline	Period Served in years	Appointee's Authority
1	Prof. G. C. Monela Prof. R. T. Chibunda	Member	Tanzanian	60 51	PhD(Resources Economics) PhD(Environmental Technology)	11 years 2 months	Vice Chancellor (Ex- Official)
2	Prof. P.R. Gillah	Member	Tanzanian	58	PhD (Wood Science and Technology)	4	Deputy Vice-Chancellor- Academic (Ex-Official)
3	Prof. Y. M. Ngaga	Member	Tanzanian	58	(PhD) Resource Economics)	1	Deputy Vice-Chancellor - Administration & Finance (Ex-Official)
4	Mr. W. M. Makere	Member	Tanzanian	55	MSc Home Economics & Human Nutrition	5	University Council
5	Ms. G. D. Leo	Member	Tanzanian	56	MSc Home Economics & Human Nutrition	3	Elective of the Researchers, Academicians & Allied Workers Union (RAAWU) -SUA
7	Mr. G. H. Mhagama	Member	Tanzanian	52	MSc (HR Planning & Development)	3	Chief Administrative Officer-Secretary

(ii) Members of Human Resources Committees who served during the year for Academic Staff were:

S/N	Name	Position	Nationality	Age	Qualification/ Discipline	Period Served in years	Appointee's Authority
1	Prof. G. C. Monela Prof. R. T. Chibunda	Member	Tanzanian	60 51	PhD(Resources Economics) PhD(Environment	11 years 2 months	Vice-Chancellor (Ex- Official)
2			T	50	al Technology)		Describe Miner Changes III an
2	Prof. P.R. Gillah	Member	Tanzanian	58	PhD (Wood Science and Technology)	6	Deputy Vice-Chancellor- Academic (Ex-Official)
3	Prof. Y. M. Ngaga	Member	Tanzanian	58	(PhD) Resource Economics)	3	Deputy Vice-Chancellor - Administration & Finance (Ex-Official)
4	Prof. S. S Temu	Member	Tanzanian	58	PhD (Accounting)	4	Director, Directorate of Higher Education, Ministry of Education & Vocational Training/Appointee of chairman of the Vice Chancellor
5	Prof. R. S. Mukandala	Member	Tanzanian	63	PhD (Political Science)	9	Appointee of chairman of the Council
6	Dr. C. W. Warema	Member	Tanzanian	37	Biology) Academician		chairman of SUA Academician Staff association (SUASA)
7	Mr. I. Mahuni	Member	Tanzanian	42		1	Appointee of the SUA Vice- Chancellor
8	Mrs. L. M. Gillah	Member	Tanzanian	47	7 Master of Laws 7 Corporate		Corporate Council
9	Ms. G. L. Donati	Member	Tanzanian	56	MSc. Human Nutrition	2	Chairperson of the Trade Union(RAAWU)
10	Ms. J. D. Lwiza	Member/ Secretary	Tanzanian	46	MPA (HRM)	7	Senior Administrative officer dealing with academic matters

REPORT OF THE UNIVERSITY COUNCIL FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017 (CONTINUED)

2.8 University Council's Statement on Corporate Governance

Sokoine University of Agriculture puts emphasis to highest standards of corporate governance. The organizational structure is flexible and accommodates changes from internal as well as external environment. Moreover, the University periodically reviews its rules and regulations with a view to ensuring the best performance of the academy. The University adheres to the global standards and practices of good corporate governance.

The Councillors continue to strengthen good governance system by reviewing various performance reports and approving policies and guidelines with the aim of enhancing good governance.

2.9 Performance Review for the Year Ended 30 June 2017

(i) Financial Performance

The main source of the University's income is government grants, donor grants, and internally generated funds.

During the financial year 2016/2017, total revenue for the University was TZS 84.98 billion compared to TZS 111.55 billion in the previous year. Total Government subvention received was TZS 47.58 billion compared to TZS 49.55 billion received last financial year. The University did not receive any fund for other charges and house subsidy allowance from the Government as it was in year 2015/2016.

Total operating expenses was TZS 85.4 billion compared to TZS 95.4 billion in the previous financial year. The deficit shown in the financial performance statement of T.Shs 407.1 was mainly caused by depreciation charged during the year and decrease in value of biological assets which do not affect cash flow.

The surplus of the University is not available for distribution. Such surpluses, whenever available are exclusively and wholly used for financing future development of the University.

(ii) Academic Performance

• Undergraduate Degree Programs

In the financial year 2016/2017, SUA had 8,296 students compared to 8,279 students in the previous year. During the year 2,489 students graduated from various undergraduate academic programs.

• Postgraduate Degree Programs

During the year 2016/2017 a total of 322 (207 males and 115 female) students registered for studies to different postgraduate degree programs in comparison to 168 students registered in year 2015/2016. Out of these 10 (1 males and 9 females) registered for the Postgraduate Diploma in Education, 275 (175 males and 100 females) registered to the various Master degree programs, while a total of 37 students (28 males and 9 females) registered for PhD studies.

During the period under review the University managed to offer 10 PhD degree Programs (in comparison to 10 PhD Programs in year 2016/2017) and 33 Postgraduate Diploma and Master Degree programs in comparison to 32 programs in the previous year. In the year 2016/2017, a total of 197 (113 males and 84

REPORT OF THE UNIVERSITY COUNCIL FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017 (CONTINUED)

females) students graduated in comparison to 324 students who graduated in the previous year. Among them, 10 (2 males and 8 female) were conferred with Postgraduate diploma in education, 147 (83 males and 64 females) conferred with Master Degrees in various fields and 40 (28 males and 12 females) were conferred with Doctor of Philosophy (PhD).

• Research Associate ship

SUA invites researchers and other scholars from foreign and local institutions to conduct research in various fields of agriculture, natural resources and allied fields in collaboration with SUA researchers as associate supervisors. During the period, SUA registered a total of 24 research associates (19 males and 5 females) from various institutions across the world compared to 33 registered in the previous year.

• Research and outreach

The University has more than 120 research projects funded by various donors and carried out across the Country. Research projects undertaken for the year under review, comprise both basic and applied research. Outreach activities were also carried out in different villages within the Country. Technological inventions were disseminated to stakeholders aiming at improving output in both quantity and quality.

Institutional Capacity Building

• Infrastructure

Construction of Local Area Network (LAN) at both Main Campus and Mazimbu Campus was funded by USAID through iAGRi Project. Construction of office block for PhD students at School of Agriculture Economics and Business Studies, Extension of an" ISoArk Chamber "funded by SACIDS- Wellcome Trust and construction the Aquatic Resources Centre at College of Veterinary of Medicine and Biomedical Sciences funded by NORAD.

Also the University is at the final stage in constructing of basic science technology laboratory at Mazimbu Campus through EPINAV programmes which are funded by the Royal Norwegian Government.

Staff development

During the year under review, 118 members of staff were undergoing training as follows:

Training Level	Administrative :	staff	Academic sta	ff
	2017	2016	2017	2016
PhD	2	4	73	98
Second Degree	10	7	7	7
First Degree	14	13	-	-
Diploma	11	8	-	-
Certificate	1	4	-	-
Total	38	36	80	105

REPORT OF THE UNIVERSITY COUNCIL FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017 (CONTINUED)

During the year under review, 25 academic staff and 2 administrative staff completed their studies. Also, various staff attended short courses, seminars and workshops in and outside the country.

(iii) Challenges

During the year under review, the University experienced a number of challenges as narrated bellow:

- Insufficient funds to meet various University activities due to inadequate and unreliable government subvention for other charges and development expenditures and un-timely receipts of student's fees from Higher Education Loan Board.
- Heavily dependency on fund from development partners for carrying out research and implementations outreach activities
- Inadequate teaching and learning infrastructures: laboratories, teaching aids, laboratory equipment and reagents which are the pre-requisite for increasing enrolment of students.

(iv) Current and future plans

The University has a ten year corporate strategic plan covering the period from year 2011 to year 2020. Its plans for development, therefore, are directed towards achieving its core objectives, which are training, research, extension and consultancy.

The University had plans to expand student enrolment from the current 8,012 students to 11,000 students by end of year 2018 with emphasis on improving gender balance. It intends to increase the female students from the existing rate of 33% to 36% by end of year 2018. To enhance internal income generation capacity with the purpose of complementing the Government subvention.

S/n	Plot No.	Block No.	Title No.	Location	
1	13	1	68835	MbweniMpiji Kinondoni Municipality	
2	12	1	68470	MbweniMpiji- Kinondoni Municipality	
3	111	Zone II	183049/70	Old Dar es Salaam Road - Commercial Area, Morogoro Municipality	
4	35	Zone II	183049/36	Kanisa Road - Banda Street, Morogoro Municipality	
5	42	-	8377	Kanisa Road - Commercial Area, Morogoro Municipality	
6	256	"DD"	54181	Misufini Morogoro Municipality	
7	3	-	8103	Forest Hill Seng'ondo Road Morogoro Municipality	
8	1B	-	54472	2 Acropolis Estate Morogoro Municipality	
9	590	"BB"	29239	Kiwanja cha Ndege/Morogoro Municipality	
10	90	-	7915	Forest Hill Kingaru Road, Morogoro Municipality	
11	780	"BB"	30267	Kiwanja Cha Ndege/Mafiga - Morogoro Municipality	
12	Farm No. 5	-	36424	SUA Main Campus/Mafiga Farm, Morogoro	
13	Farm No. 479	-	9880	Olmotonyi, Arumeru District	
14	Farm No.162	-	45172	Morning Site/Towelo/Luhungu Farm, Morogoro District	

2.10 The University Land's Title Deeds

REPORT OF THE UNIVERSITY COUNCIL FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017 (CONTINUED)

15	35-38 and 46-49	-	-	NBC Flats/Morogoro Municipality	
16	131	10	75639	Bunju/Kinondoni-Dar-es-Salaam	
17	99	10	75478	Bunju/Kinondoni-Dar-es-Salaam	
18	823	Α	45233	KihondaMorogoro Municipality	
19	Farm No. 479	-	9880	Olmotonyi, Arumeru District	
20	-	-	-	Solomon Mahlangu Campus SMC)/Morogoro	
				Municipality	
21	-	-	-	Mgeta Project Center -Morogoro	
22	-	-	-	Malolo Project Center -Kilosa, Morogoro	
23	-	-	-	Mbinga Project Center -Mbinga, Ruvuma	
24	-	-	-	Mazumbai/Sagara-Lushoto -Tanga	
25	-	-	-	NaneNane Pavilion -Morogoro Municipality	
26	Olmotonyi	-	-	Olmotonyi Arusha	
	training forest				
27	Kitulang'alo	-	-	Morogoro	
	Natural forest				

At close of business on 30 June 2017, the University had not obtained title deed/right of occupancy certificates for eight properties: Solomoni Mahlangu Campus (SMC)-Mazimbu Morogoro Municipality, Mgeta Project Centre -Morogoro, Malolo Project Centre -Kilosa, Mbinga Project Centre, Mbinga Ruvuma, Mazumbai/Sagara - Lushoto Tanga, and; NanaNane Pavalion -Morogoro Municipality. However, the University's management continues to follow-up to ensure that title deeds and the concession for the same are obtained.

2.11 Ownership

Sokoine University of Agriculture is wholly owned by the Government of the United Republic of Tanzania.

2.12 Solvency Evaluation

The University Council confirms that, in the course of preparing these financial statements, International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) have been complied with. The University Council ensures that Sokoine University of Agriculture has adequate funds to meet its objectives which comprise of training, research, outreach and production activities. The University's cash reserve was TZS 15.59 billion at the year-end, out of which donor funds for various research activities was TZS 10.56 billion. The Government of the United Republic of Tanzania will continue to provide grants to the University for Meeting Operational Expenses especially personal emoluments. In view of this assessment, the University Council is of the opinion that the University has a sound financial position and will continue to operate for the unforeseeable future.

2.13 University Council Members' Interests

The University is a public body under the supervision and control of the University Council. During the year 2016/2017, none of the members of the University Council had interest or transactions with the University except those reported under note 23 of these financial statements.

2.14 Related Party Transactions

All related party transactions and balances are disclosed in note 24 of the financial statements.

REPORT OF THE UNIVERSITY COUNCIL FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017 (CONTINUED)

2.15 Employees' Welfare

Management - employees' relationship

The average number of employees during the year was 1,444 (2015: 1,462). The relationship between the employees and SUA Management was cordial. However, there were some complaints due to delays in payment of staff benefits such as leave passages, house allowances to eligible staff, salary arrears, and payment for promotion and increments and retirement benefits due to inadequate funding from government.

2.16 Medical Facilities

The University has established SUA Community Health Fund (SUACHF) which is a defined contribution scheme to meet medical costs for its members. Members of the SUACHF comprise of SUA employees and their families including students. The employees contribute 2% of their basic salaries. Undergraduates and postgraduates students contribute TZS 60,000 and TZS 170,000 each per annum, respectively. Students who are members of NHIF are required to contribute TZS 20,000 per academic year for emergency cases.

2.17 Employees' Financial Support

The University accommodates a Savings and Cooperative Society (SACCOS), which grants loans/credits to its members. Motor vehicle/motor cycle revolving fund is also maintained to cater for eligible employees. The University has also entered into contract as a guarantor with some financial institutions and hire purchase companies where members of staff are granted loans and house appliances on credit. Burial expenses related to employees and their legally recognized family members are financially supported by the University.

2.18 People with Physical Disabilities

The recruitment policy of the University does not discriminate against persons with physical disabilities. There are persons with disabilities among the members of staff as well as among students. Similarly, under the Workman Compensation Act, the University has insured with Astra Insurance for compensation of employees who become disabled while in service.

2.19 Gender Balance

Sokoine University of Agriculture gives equal opportunity to all Tanzanians during recruitment and filling in of management positions provided they have the necessary qualifications, qualities and abilities regardless of their gender. The University also gives equal opportunity to all Tanzanians at the time of admitting students to various programmes. At the end of the year, the University had 1,300 employees out of which 432 were female and 868 male (2016: 440 female, 1,004 male).

2.20 Environment Protection

Sokoine University of Agriculture implements Government's policies and directives on environmental conservation. The University preserves the environment through tree planting; an activity which is being carried out throughout the year including distributing free seedlings to neighbouring communities. Moreover, the University has a Faculty of

REPORT OF THE UNIVERSITY COUNCIL FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017 (CONTINUED)

Forestry and Nature Conservation which deals with preservation, transmission, dissemination and enhancement of knowledge in the field of forestry and environment issues.

2.21 Statement of Internal Control and Risk Management

The Council is ultimately responsible for risk management, determining the system of internal controls operated by the University and for monitoring and effectiveness of the control environment. It is the task of the management to ensure that adequate internal financial and operational control are developed, reviewed and maintained on an ongoing basis in order to provide reasonable assurance with regard to:-

- The effectiveness and efficiency of operations;
- The safeguarding of the University assets;
- Compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- The reliability of accounting records;
- Business sustainability under normal as well as adverse conditions; and
- Responsible behaviours towards all stakeholders.

The efficiency of internal control system is dependent on the strict observance of prescribed measures. Always, there is a risk of non-compliance of such measures by staff whilst no system can provide absolute assurance against misstatement or loss, the University control system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives.

2.22 Statement of Internal Control and Risk Management (Continued)

The management receives reports setting out key performance and risk indicators and considers possible control issues brought to their attention by early warning mechanism. A key control is the budget briefing which takes place yearly attended by Principals of Colleges, Deans of Schools, Head of Academic and Administrative Departments to discuss key strategy issues within the University. These meetings are chaired by Vice Chancellor who is the Accounting Officer of the University.

The Audit Committee's role in this area is confined to a high level review of the arrangement for internal control. The University's Internal Auditors monitor the system of internal control, risk management control and governance processes in accordance with an agreed plan, and report their findings to management and the Audit Committee. Management is responsible for the implementation of agreed audit recommendations and the Internal Auditors undertake prevailing follow up reviews to ensure that such recommendations have been implemented. The Audit Committee considers summarized reports together with recommendations for the improvement of the University systems of internal control and management's responses and implementation plans.

Whilst senior executives attend meeting of the Audit Committee as necessary, they are not members of the committee. The committee meets the internal and external auditors separately for independent discussion.

The Council receives regular reports from the Audit Committee.

The Council is of a view that there is an ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the University's significant risks, and that it has been in place throughout the

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REPORT OF THE UNIVERSITY COUNCIL FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017 (CONTINUED)

year ended 30 June, 2015 up to the date of approval of the annual reports and financial statements and is of the opinion that met accepted criteri

2.23 HIV/AIDS Policy

The management of HIV/AIDS is an important challenge for Sokoine University of Agriculture. SUA has determined some risks associated with the impact of HIV/AIDS as operational risk, legal risk and health risk.

SUA has adopted the following core principles as a basis for HIV/AIDS policy:-

- Continuously assess the risk posed by HIV/AIDS on the operations of the University.
- . Limit the number of new infections among the employees and students.
- Ensure employees and students living with HIV/AIDS are aware of their rights, respected and protected.
- Provide care and support to employees and students living with HIV/AIDS.
- Provide continuous education on HIV/ AIDS

2.24 Anti-Corruptions

In conducting its activities, SUA maintains transparency and observes the principles of good governance. In this respect, the University has established an Ethics Committee and Code of Ethics dealing with mitigation of unethical issues including corruption.

2.25 Auditors

The Controller and Auditor General is the statutory Auditor of Sokoine University of Agriculture by the virtue of Article 143 of the Constitution of the URT of 1977 (revised 2005) and in Section 10 of the Public Audit Act No.11 of 2008.

BY ORDER OF THE COUNCIL

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CHAIRPERSON

Hon.Justice Mohamed Chande Othman

13/02/2018 Date:

COUNCIL MEMBER

Date: 13 02 2018

Office of the Controller and Auditor General

AR/SUA/2016/2017

STATEMENT OF UNIVERSITY COUNCIL RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

The University Council is responsible for the preparation of the annual financial statements that give a true and fair view of Sokoine University of Agriculture (the University), comprising the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2017, and the statements of Financial performance, statement of changes in equity, statement of cash flows, statement of comparison of budget and actual amount for the year then ended, and the notes to the financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes, in accordance with Accrual-International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSASs) and in the manner required by the SUA Charter, 2007.

The University Council is also responsible for such internal control as members determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and for maintaining adequate accounting records and an effective system of risk management.

The University Council has made an assessment of the ability of the University to continue as a going concern and have no reason to believe that the University will not be able to operate in the year ahead.

The auditors are responsible for reporting on whether the annual financial statements give a true and fair view in accordance with Accrual-IPSASs requirements.

Approval of annual financial statements

The annual financial statements of Sokoine University of Agriculture, as identified in the first paragraph, were approved by the University Council on 136222318 and signed on its behalf by:

CHAIRPERSON

Hon.Justice Mohamed Chande Othman

Date: 13/02/2018

OUNCIL MEMBER

Date: 13/02/2018

Office of the Controller and Auditor General

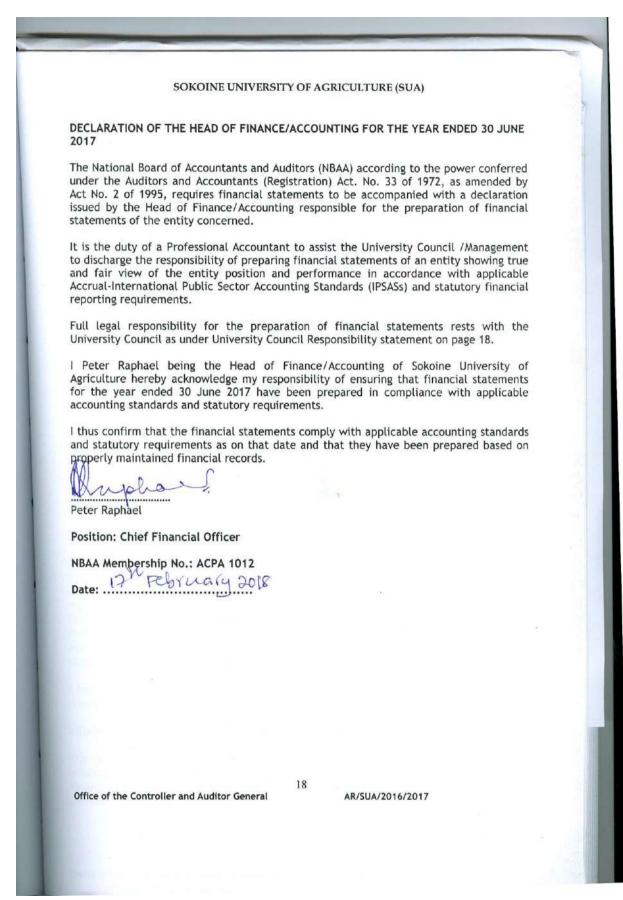
AR/SUA/2016/2017

Office of the Controller and Auditor General

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AR/SUA/2016/2017

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017



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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

3.0 INDEPENDENT REPORT OF THE CONTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL

- To: Chairman of the University Council, Sokoine University of Agriculture, PO Box 3000, MOROGORO.
- RE: REPORT OF THE CONTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF SOKOINE UNIVERSITY OF AGRICULTURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Introduction

I have audited the financial statements of Sokoine University of Agriculture which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30th June, 2017 and the statement of financial performance, the statement of changes in net assets, the cash flow statement and the statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts for the year then ended, as well as the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies set out from page 22 to 59.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements Sokoine University of Agriculture present fairly in all material respects, the financial position of Sokoine University of Agriculture as at 30th June, 2017, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS).

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs). My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements section of my report. I am independent of Sokoine University of Agriculture in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) together with the National Board of Accountants and Auditors (NBAA) Code of Ethics, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The University Council is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises of the Council's Report and the Declaration by the Head of Finance but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with my audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work I have performed on the other information that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

If, based on the work I have performed on the other information that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgment, were of most significance in my audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of my audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming my opinion thereon, and I do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matter described in the Basis for Opinion section I have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in my report. I have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in my report.

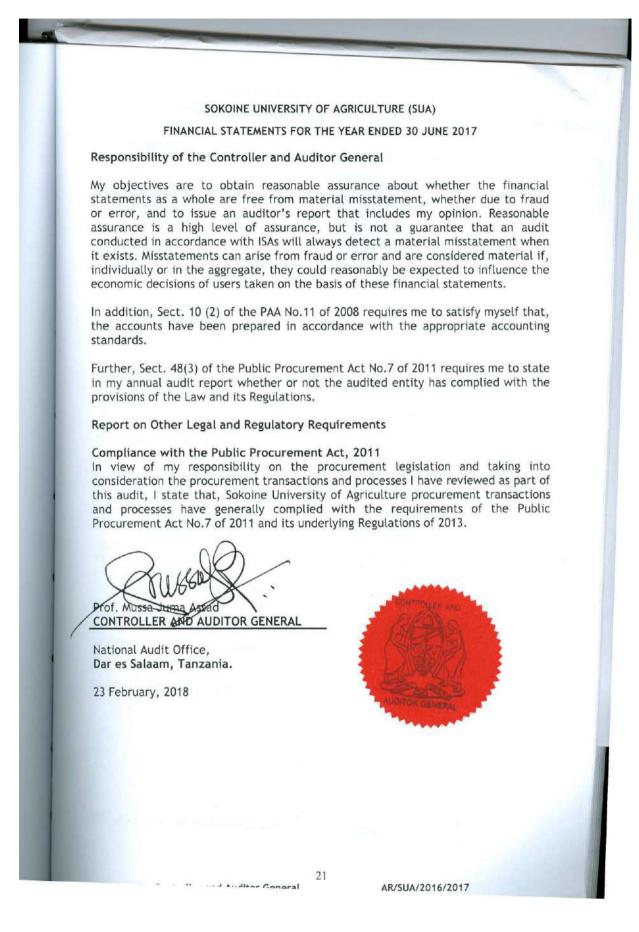
Management responsibility for the financial statements

The Council of the Sokoine University of Agriculture is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IPSASs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the entity's financial reporting process.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017



AR/SUA/2016/2017

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

SOKOINE UNIVERSITY OF AGRICULTURE (SUA) FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Revenue	Note	2017	2016
P. (1		TZS	TZS
Revenue from non-exchange transactions (Government grants)	5	47,576,028,641	49,955,174,021
Revenue from exchange transactions	6	17,074,996,503	17,681,274,017
Donors' research grants	7	19,018,888,923	23,848,334,627
Donors 'donation		105,505,500	0
Amortization of deferred asset grant	19	1,394,555,882	1,300,142,957
Foreign currency exchange gain/(loss)		15,607,064	341,651,734
nventory write back of timber, poles and logs		0	75,731,928
Backlog Depreciation adjustments	8	87.1	10,101,940
	8	1,108,017,235	0
Deferred asset written back		0	17,295,963,307
(Loss)/gain arising from changes in fair value			
of biological assets	13	(1,312,449,848)	1,055,926,915
		84,981,149,900	111,554,199,506
Expenditure			
Government grant expenditure	9	47,323,381,342	50,606,152,267
nternal revenue expenditure	10	15,546,644,000	17,478,232,127
Research grant expenditure-	11	19,018,888,923	23,848,334,627
Audit fees		502,416,000	601,327,000
inventory write-off of timber, poles and logs		3,266,814	0
Depreciation of fixed assets	13	2,993,661,705	2,852,488,616
		85,388,258,784	95,386,534,637
Surplus/(deficit) before tax		(407,108,884)	16,167,664,869
Income tax expense	12		-
Surplus/(deficit) for the year		(407,108,884)	16,167,664,869)
Other comprehensive income			
Total comprehensive surplus for the year		(407,108,884)	16,167,664,869

The financial statements on pages 22 to 59 were approved for issue by the University Council and signed on *its behalf by*:

0 CHAIRPERSON

Hon.Justice (Rtal) M. Chande Othman

Date: 17/02/2018

50 Ala COUNCIL MEMBER

Date: 17/02/2018

Office of the Controller and Auditor General

AR/SUA/2016/2017

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

SOKOINE UNIVERSITY OF AGRICULTURE (SUA) FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2017

	Note	2017	2016
		TZS	TZS
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	13	36,304,798,375	35,943,849,768
Biological assets	14	12,462,365,029	13,773,364,877
Intangible assets	15	73,444,362	64.555.112
		48,840,607,766	49,781,769,757
Current assets			<u></u>
Inventories	16	189,448,815	317,052,038
Accounts receivable	17	9,602,679,888	8,669,898,412
Government grant receivable	18	10,188,672,066	12,375,243,458
Cash and bank balances	19	15,596,857,080	12,972,451,160
		35,577,657,849	34,334,645,068
Total assets		84,418,265,615	84,116,414,825
Equity and liabilities			
Accumulated surplus		33,185,805,537	33,592,914,421
Non-current liabilities			
Deferred asset grant	20	15,668,127,075	15,475,852,271
Tanzania Education Authority Ioan	20	136,365,895	220,137,104
		15,804,492,970	15,695,989,375
Current Liabilities			
Tanzania Education Authority Loan	21	220,137,104	259,523,565
Deferred income on donor grants	22	16,873,101,100	15,717,640,176
Accounts payable	23	18,334,728,904	18,850,347,288
		35,427,967,108	34,827,511,029
Total Equity and Liabilities		84,418,265,615	84,116,414,825

The financial statements on pages 22 to 59 were approved for issue by the University Council and signed on *its behalf by*:

ъ CHAIRPERSON

COUNCIL MEMBER

Date: 17/02/2018

Hon.Justice (Rtal) M. Chande Othman

Date: 17/02/2018

Office of the Controller and Auditor General

AR/SUA/2016/2017

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

SOKOINE UNIVERSI	TY OF AGRICULTURE (SUA)							
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FO	DR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017							
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017								
	Accumulated <u>Surplus</u> 2017							
	2016 TZS. TZS							
Accumulated surplus as at 1 July Net surplus for the year Accumulated surplus as at 30 June	33,592,914,421 17,425,249,552 (407,108,884) 16,167,664,869 33,185,805,537 33,592,914,421							
The financial statements on pages 22 to 59 w	vere approved for issue by the University Council and							
signed on its behalf by:								
\frown								
	EMPerebo							
CHAIRPERSON Hon.Justice Mohamed Chande Othman	COUNCIL MEMBER							
non.Justice Monamed Change Othman								
Date: 17/02/2018	Date: 17102/2018							
Office of the Controller and Auditor General	24 AR/SUA/2016/2017							

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Cash flow from operating activities	2016/2017 TZS	2015/2016 TZS
Receipts:	120	123
Receipts from non-exchange transactions (Government)		
	6,269,039,942	19,410,039,061
Receipts from non-exchange transactions (Donor)	22,356,431,220	26,324,041,014
Receipts from Exchange transactions (Internal)	17,051,965,619	15,659,861,171
Receipts from non-exchange transactions (third parties)	-	359,970,811
Gain/Loss on Exchange Fluctuation	3,696,752	608,509,407
Other Inflows	<u>181,912,538</u>	95,065,083
Deven onte	<u>45,863,046,071</u>	<u>62,457,486,547</u>
Payments:		-
Students Fee Refund and Accommodation	0	1,956,100
Receivable (Deposit and Prepayments)	709,146,022	1,419,726,974
Staff receivable	1,725,586,132	1,360,300,253
Payments to creditors	2,700,060,456	2,854,560,291
Financial Expenses(bank charges)	156,650,987	306,182,569
Wages, Salaries and Employee Benefit	7,634,795,144	18,448,263,999
Travel and Travel expenses	2,775,639,461	3,059,086,826
Repair and Maintenance Expenses	615,202,943	1,703,415,447
SUA Graduate Entrepreneurship	0	43,373,222
Office Supplies and Consumables	926,477,895	726,065,620
University Meeting Expenses	1,410,117,596	1,482,893,028
Insurance and Licence Expenses	170,884,492	128,988,276
Utility Expenses	1,346,659,567	1,337,662,376
Students Welfare Expenses	434,110,318	571,692,400
Students training and Research Expenses	2,413,294,016	2,552,443,312
University Examination Expenses	769,415,642	556,756,342
Staff Training and Development	697,641,180	670,948,373
Sport Gear Expenses	50,727,500	90,716,000
Marketing and Promotion	134,571,853	163,755,101
Vehicles and Motor Cycles Running Expenses	639,715,493	992,847,036
Postage & Telecommunication Expenses	422,730,022	422,495,022
Sanitation & Environment Expenses	305,535,674	444,186,503
Health Care services	299,917,382	511,598,567
Graduation Expenses	100,261,448	139,404,664
Workshop and Seminar Expenses	1,081,900,014	1,982,393,884
Headship and leadership Triennium	235,973,488	155,474,000
Payment to collaborative Institute	826,157,326	3,830,996,492
Legal Expenses	2,280,000	15,656,000
Rental and Hiring Expenses	44,914,256	102,630,296

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)

Cash flow from operating activities	2016/2017	2015/2016
	TZS	TZS
Institution Fees	623,502,730	1,922,512,883
Security & Safety Expenses	395,315,651	341,056,758
Laboratory Chemicals & Other consumables	331,925,065	442,668,983
Subscription, Gifts and Donations	261,794,611	75,985,983
Human Resources Expenses	393,261,397	547,244,900
Animal Feed and Treatment Expenses	140,312,564	174,807,560
Social Welfare Expenses	167,000,820	221,375,969
Audit &Verification Expenses	782,004,631	888,740,975
Extra duty support Expenses	95,069,275	243,320,525
Generator fuel Expenses	4,222,576	8,101,800
Purchase of small Tools	234,628,147	326,209,128
Computer and Computerization Expenses	613,263,755	15,001,300
Entertainment Expenses	30,227,260	33,191,010
Printing & Publication Expenses	36,848,406	193,696,222
Research, Teaching and Outreach Expenses	7,892,017,958	6,967,606,875
Payment of Statutory Salaries deductions and others	42,572,815	41,107,853
Office Tea, Bites and Soft drinks	70,839,543	73,640,322
Other Operational costs	1,001,541,846	1,130,360,735
	41,746,715,357	59,723,098,754
Net cash flow from operating activities	4,116,330,714	2 734 387 793
Cash flow from investing activities		
Acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)	(410,674,713)	(1,746,760,618)
Addition to Capital Work in Progress	(958,092,411)	(2,101,860,503)
Net cash flow from investing activities	(1,368,767,124)	(3,848,621,121)
Cash flow from financing activities		
Repayment of TEA loan	(123,157,670)	(260,000,000)
Net cash flow from financing activities	(123,157,670)	(260,000,000)
Net increase/decrease in cash	2,624,405,920	(1,374,233,328)
Cash at the Beginning of the Period*	12,972,451,160	14,346,684,488
Cash at the End of the Period	15,596,857,080	12,972,451,160

The financial statements on pages 22 to 59 were approved for issue by the University Council and signed on i helalf by:

CHAIRPERSON

Hon.Justice Mohamed Chande Othman

Date: 17/02/2018

COUNCIL MEMBER

Date: 17 02 201 8

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE, 2017

Description		Budget Amounts		Actual Amounts on Comparable	Variance: Final Budget and Actual	Performance Percentage
Revenue Appendix		Original	Final	Basis		0/0
Appendix		TZS.	TZS.	TZS.	TZS.	
Revenue from non-Exchange						
Transactions (Government)	1	58,120,543,027	58,120,543,027	47,576,028,64	1 10,544,514,386	82%
Revenue from non-exchange						
transactions (Donor)	2	29,612,996,506	29,612,996,506	19,018,888,92	3 10,594,107,583	64%
Revenue from exchange						
transaction (Internal revenue)	3	<u>15,675,692,139</u>	15,675,692,139	17,074,996,50	<u>3 (1,399,304,364)</u>	<u>109%</u>
Total Revenue		103,409,231,672	<u>103,409,231,672</u>	<u>83,669,914,06</u>	<u>7</u> <u>19,739,317,605</u>	<u>81%</u>
Expenses						
Non exchange transaction	4	58,675,543,027	58,675,543,027	47,323,381,34	2 11,352,161,685	81%
Expenditure (Government)						
Non Exchange Transaction	5					
Expenditure (Donor)		29,612,996,506	29,612,996,506	19,018,888,92	3 10,594,107,583	64%
Exchange Transaction						
Expenditure (Internal revenue)	6	15,676,692,139	<u>15,676,692,139</u>	15,546,644,00		<u>99%</u>
Total Expenditure		103,965,231,672	103,965,231,672	<u>81,888,914,26</u>	<u>5</u> <u>22,076,317,407</u>	<u>79%</u>

Comments on the Budget

The amounts in the financial statements were recast from the International Public Sector Accounting standards (IPSA'S) accrual basis to the cash basis, to be on the same basis as the final approved budget. The approved budget covers the period from July 1st, 2016 to June 30th, 2017.

Sokoine University of Agriculture has three major sources of revenue, hence its budgets is prepared in three sub set of sources. The reasons for the variances are explained based on sources as below:-

- (a) The variances noted in government income against budget is a net off of the unremitted budgeted amount for Development fund and fund budgeted for staff recruitment and; terminated and retired staff.
- (b) The budget of Donor funded projects, depended on the projects implementation periods and are predetermined during the proposal writing. The releases of funds by the Donors are done annually, semi-annually, or quarterly depending on the agreement requirements. Usually at the year end, given a number of reasons, including delay in receiving of funds, which for some projects are channeled through the Government, weather conditions by some activities and others waiting for up-scaling approval. Some activities remain unimplemented at year end. Therefore, the carried over amount from the previous year was caused by the aforesaid reasons hence the noted variance.
- (c) The noted variance in internal revenue of underutilization was caused by year end accrued charges that were paid subsequently.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 Reporting Entity

Sokoine University of Agriculture (SUA) was established out of the former Faculty of Agriculture, Forestry and Veterinary Science of the University of Dar es Salaam on 1 July 1984 by Act No 6 of Parliament. This Act was later repealed by the Universities Act of 2005, which resulted into granting a SUA Charter of 2007.

Currently SUA has four campuses: The Main Campus and Solomon Mahlangu Campus (SMC) which are located within Morogoro Municipality, the Olmotonyi Campus in Arusha and the Mazumbai Campus in Lushoto, Tanga region.

The address of the University is: Sokoine University of Agriculture, PO Box 3000 Morogoro. **Tel: + 255 23 2603511-4; Telefax: + 255 23 2604651; E-mail:** <u>vc@suanet.ac.tz</u>; and Website: <u>www.suanet.ac.tz</u>.

2 Significant Accounting Policies

2.1 Basis of preparation

a) Statement of compliance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSASs-Accrual)

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards {(IPSASs – Accrual) and its interpretations as developed by International Public Sector Accounting Standards Board (IPSASB). One of the four independent standard setting Board supported by International Federation of Accountants.(IFAC).

b) Basis of measurements

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for biological assets; and financial instruments measured at fair value whose changes have been measured through the Statement of Financial Performance.

c) Functional and presentation currency

SUA has multiple functional currencies including Great Britain Sterling Pound, Euro, US Dollar, and Tanzanian Shilling as a result of having several donors with different sets of Agreements. However, these financial statements are presented in Tanzanian shillings (TZS) which is the University's functional currency.

d) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements is in conformity with International Public Sector Accounting Standards - (IPSASs Accrual) that requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed separately as a note to the Financial Statements and are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTES

2 Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

e) Date of First Adoption of IPSAS-Accrual Basis.

The date of adoption of IPSASs-Accrual Basis is the date that an entity adopts IPSASs-Accrual basis for the first time. It is the start of the reporting period in which the first time adopter adopts IPSASs-accrual basis and for which it presents its first transitional IPSAS - Accrual – financial statements.

e) Date of First Adoption of IPSAS-Accrual Basis. (Continued)

The date of first adoption of Accrual Basis IPSASs for Sokoine University of Agriculture is 1st July, 2014; the beginning of the earliest period for which the Sokoine University of Agriculture presents its first transitional IPSAS financial statements or its first IPSAS financial statements.

f) IPSAS 33 - FIRST-TIME Adoption of Accrual Basis International Public Sector Accounting standards (IPSAS-Accrual).

A first-time adopter applies this standard if its first IPSAS-Accrual Financial statements are for a period beginning on or after January 1, 2017 although earlier adoption is permitted. This standard is applied from the date on which a first time adopter adopts accrual basis IPSASs and during the period from the date on which a first time adopter adopts accrual basis IPSASs and during the period of transition. This standard permits a first-time adopter to apply transitional exemptions and provisions that may impact fair presentation. Sokoine University of Agriculture has prepared its first annual financial statements under Accrual Basis IPSAS in which the Management can make an explicit and unreserved statement in those financial statements of compliance with IPSASs whereby, these financial statements following the adoption of accrual basis IPSAS will also be the first IPSAS financial statements under full compliance with Accrual Basis IPSASs and has made earlier application of IPASS 33 without any transitional exemption and provisions

Effective for	
annual period beginning on or	
after	New Standard
January 1, 2017	IPSAS 34 separate Financial Statement
	Separate financial statements are those presented by an entity, in which the entity
	could elect, subject to the requirements in this Standard, to account for its investments
	in controlled entities, joint ventures and associates either at cost, in accordance with
	IPSAS 29, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement or using the equity
	method as prescribed in IPSAS 36, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures
January 1, 2017	Consolidated Financial Statement - IPSAS 35
	Consolidated financial statements are the financial statements of an economic entity in
	which the assets, liabilities, net assets/equity, revenue, expenses and cash flows of the
	controlling entity and its controlled entities are presented as those of a single economic
	entity.
January 1, 2017	Joint Arrangements - IPSAS 37
	A joint arrangement is an arrangement of which two or more parties have joint
	control.
January 1, 2017	Disclosure of interest in other entities - IPSAS 38
-	Disclosure of An interest held by an entity that participates in, but does not have joint
	control of, a joint arrangement unless that interest results in significant influence over
	the arrangement or is an interest in a structured entity.

g) International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) not yet Mandatory

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTES

2 Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

2.2 Revenue Recognition

Sokoine University of Agriculture revenue is from Exchange Transactions (IPSAS 9) and Revenue from Non Exchange Transaction (IPSAS 23).

2.2.1 Revenue from Exchange Transactions

An exchange transaction is one in which the entity receives assets or services, or has liabilities extinguished, and directly gives approximately equal value (primarily in the form of goods, services or use of assets) to the other party in exchange.

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of products and services rendered in the ordinary course of the University activities. Revenue is shown net of rebates and discounts.

The University recognizes revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured; it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the University and when specific criteria have been met for each of the University activities. The amount of revenue is not considered to be reliably measurable until all contingencies relating to the sale have been resolved. The University bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

The University revenue from Exchange Transactions which are recognised in accordance with Accrued IPSASs comprises of:

a) Tuition fees

Comprise of fee charged to non-degree programme, Undergraduate and postgraduate students undertaking various courses run by the University. Tuition fee is recognized in the accounting period in which the academic year relates.

b) Accommodation fees

Accommodation is synonymous to rental fee charged specifically to students undertaking various courses run by the University who stays in University available accommodation facilities during the period of study.

c) Institutional Fees

The University carries a number of researches funded by different donors whereby the University charges 10% institutional fees based on the amount received or spent in accordance to the signed agreement. To exercise flexibility where there is a difference between the standard rate and the agreed rate, the later supersede. In some cases, projects which are fully coordinated centrally, institutional fees for those projects are used to meet coordination expenses.

d) Hospital Revenue

The University has a hospital at Solomon Mahlangu Campus and a Health Centre at Main Campus serving students, employees and the neighbouring community. The facility charges consultation; patients' admission; and medical fees; and also realizes revenue from sales of drugs and laboratory tests.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTES

2 Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

e) Rental Revenue

Rental Revenue is an income from properties other than investment property rented to staff for residential purposes and other members of the community for business during a period of time.

f) Sales of Forestry Products

The University has forest plantation at Olmotonyi Arusha Campus where forestry products are harvested; some semi processed and sold to the neighbouring community.

g) Farm Products

The University has different types of biological assets producing variety of products which are sold to the community.

h) Interest Revenue

The University recognises interest earned on a time proportional basis taking into account the effective yield on the respective assets net off the withholding tax. Interest earned for the University is mainly for the amount fixed in the banks in the form of Fixed Deposits.

i) Consultancy Revenue

The University has a Consultancy Bureau as an apex, linking consultancy units facultywise. The faculty wise consultancy units and individuals engaged in consultancy work contribute to the University according to the requirements of the consultancy policy.

2.2.2 Revenue from Non Exchange Transaction

Revenue from Non Exchange Transaction occur when the University receives value from another entity without directly giving approximately equal value in exchange, or gives value to another entity without directly receiving approximately equal value in exchange. Sokoine University of Agriculture receives revenue mainly from transfer; transfers are inflows of future economic benefit or services potential from Non Exchange Transactions other than taxes. Transfers, cash or non-cash include grants from Tanzania Government, Development Partners, Debts forgiveness, fines, bequests, gifts, donations, goods and services, and the off market portion of concessionary loans received. Revenue from Non Exchange Transactions is measured at the amount of the increase in net assets recognized by the entity. For Grants from Development Partners, normally there are conditions attached to the said grants that would give rise to a liability to repay the unspent amount, differed income is recognized instead of revenue.

Revenue from Non Exchange Transaction comprises of the following;

a) Subvention from the Government

Subvention, grants and assistance received from the Government are recognised as revenue when received by the University and treated as Revenue from Non Exchange Transaction.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTES

2 Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenue/income from Donors An inflow of resources from Development Partners are recognised as assets as well as liability when received while revenue and expenditure from the same are recognised to the extent of the amount spent out of that asset in accordance with the conditions attached to the agreement.

c) Donation and contributions

b)

Donation and contributions in kind and in cash are recognised as asset as well as revenue in the year received.

2.3 Property, plant and equipment

All categories of property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at historical cost. Subsequently, the assets are stated at historical cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment in value. Historical costs include expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of the Plant and Equipment. Property, Subsequent costs are included in the assets carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the University and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial year in which they occurred.

Motor vehicles and motorcycles available for sale requested by SUA-Staff are transferred from SUA-Main account to SUA-Car Loan Fund for disposal. Gains or losses on disposal other than motor vehicles available for sale requested by SUA-staff are determined by comparing the disposal proceeds with the carrying amount and they are charged to profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives as follows:-

Asset category	Rate
	<i>p.a</i> .
Buildings	4.0%
Independent Water Source	4.0%
Farm Machinery	20.0%
Furniture & Equipment	15.0%
Computers	33.3%
Motor Vehicles	20.0%

Depreciation is charged on assets from the date when they are ready for use and no depreciation is charged in the year an asset is classified as non-current assets held for sale.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTES

2 Significant Accounting Policies (Continued) Major Renovations

Major renovations are depreciated over the remaining useful life of the related asset or to the date of the next major renovation, whichever is sooner.

Carrying Amount

Property, plant and equipment are reviewed whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Where the carrying amount of an asset is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount.

Disposal

Gain or losses on disposals are determined by comparing the disposal proceeds with the carrying amount and are included in the statement of financial performance.

Capital work in progress

Work-in-progress consists of the cost of assets, labour and other costs associated with property, plant and equipment being constructed by the University. Once the asset becomes operational, the related costs are transferred from work-in-progress to the appropriate asset category and start to be depreciated.

2.4 Investment Property

Investment Property refers property (land or a building – or part of a building – or both) held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both, rather than for:

- (a) Use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes; or
- (b) Sale in the ordinary course of operations.

2.5 Leases

A lease is an agreement whereby the lessor conveys to the lessee in return for a payment or series of payments the right to use an asset for an agreed period of time.

2.6 Intangible assets

An intangible asset is an identifiable non-monetary asset without physical substance.

Initial Recognition

An intangible asset is measured at cost if and only if:

- i. It is probable that the expected future economic benefit or service potential that are attributable to the asset will flow to the University; and
- ii. The cost or fair value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Subsequent Recognition

The accounting policy is to recognise subsequently an intangible asset at fair value in accordance with IPSAS 31.

Computer software

The University has a number of computer software and the costs associated with developing or maintaining computer software programs are recognized as expenses as and when incurred. Costs that are directly associated with identifiable and unique software products are recognized as intangible assets. Expenditure that enhances the performance of

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTES

2 Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Computer software programs beyond their original specifications is recognized as capital improvement and added to the original cost of the software. Computer accounting software is regarded as having indefinite useful life; therefore, it is not amortized but tested for impairment annually.

2.7 Non – current assets held for sale

Non-current assets held for sale represent assets that the University Council has approved for disposal and they are expected to be disposed of not more than twelve months after reporting date. No depreciation is charged on such assets.

2.8 Biological assets

Biological assets comprise forestry, fruit trees, seedlings and vegetables and livestock.

Livestock is measured at fair value less estimated cost to sale, based on market prices at auction of animals of similar age, breed and genetic merit with adjustments, where deemed necessary, to reflect the differences.

The fair value of livestock younger than ten weeks cannot be reliably estimated due to the high mortality rates and are carried at cost less impairment. These assets are not depreciable.

Fruit trees (plantation crops) and forestry assets (growing timber) are measured at fair value less costs to sale based on the present value of estimated pre-tax net cash flows. Costs to sale include the incremental selling costs, including harvesting, saw milling and handling costs.

Seedlings and vegetables are measured at cost.

Any gains or losses arising on initial recognition of biological assets and from subsequent changes in fair value less estimated point-of-sale costs are recognised in the statement of financial performance in the year in which they arise. All costs of breeding, planting, upkeep and maintenance of biological assets are recognised in statement of financial performance in the period in which they are incurred. The cost of purchase of livestock plus associated transportation charges are capitalised as part of biological assets.

2.9 Inventories Valuation

Inventories are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value, except where inventories are acquired through a non-exchange transaction, their cost shall be at the lower of cost and current replacement cost where they are held for:

- i. Distribution at no charge for a nominal charge; or
- ii. Consumption in the production process of goods to be distributed at no charge or for a nominal charge.

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined by the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method less provision for impairment.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTES

2 Significant Accounting Policies (Continued) Agricultural produce

Agricultural produce at the point of harvest is measured at fair value less estimated point-ofsale costs. Any changes arising on initial recognition of agricultural produce at fair value less estimated point-of-sale costs are recognised in the statement of financial performance in the year in which they arise.

Timber Produce

The fair value less estimated point-of-sale costs of harvested timber is determined based on the market prices of the final product, taking into account conversion costs.

Finished Goods

The cost of finished goods comprises the fair value less estimated point-of-sale costs of agricultural produce at the point of harvest, the cost of raw materials and direct labour, and other direct costs and related production overheads. It excludes borrowing costs. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

This method of valuation is consistent with that of previous years.

2.10 Deposits, Prepayments and Accounts Receivable

Deposits, Prepayments and Accounts Receivable are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost less provision for impairment.

If collection of the receivable or the utilisation of prepayments is expected in one year or less, they are a classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Provision for Receivables

At the end of each reporting period, the carrying amounts of trade and other receivables are reviewed to determine whether there is any objective evidence that the amounts are not recoverable. If so, an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the statement of financial performance.

2.11 Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of cash flow, cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities. For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include restricted funds.

Short-term Investments

Short-term investments represent valuables or cash that have been deposited in fixed deposit account during the year and still held in those accounts as at 30th June, 2015.

2.12 Foreign Currency Transactions

Initial Recognition A foreign currency transaction is recorded, on initial recognition in the functional currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the spot exchange rate between the functional currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTES

2 Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Reporting at Subsequent Reporting Date

At each reporting date:

- a) Foreign currency monetary items shall be translated using the closing rate;
- b) Non monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in foreign currency shall be translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction; and
- c) Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in foreign currency are translated using exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

Recognition of Exchange Differences

Exchange differences arising from:

- a) The settlement of monetary items, or
- b) Translating monetary items at rates different from those at which they were translated on initial recognition during the period or in previous financial statements, are recognised in surplus or deficit in the period in which they arise.

When gain or loss on a non monetary item is recognised directly in net assets/equity, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in surplus or deficit, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised as surplus or deficit.

Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Tanzania Shillings, which is the University's functional and presentation currency.

Foreign currency translations

Transactions in foreign currency are translated into Tanzanian shillings at the rates of exchange ruling at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities at the yearend expressed in foreign currencies are translated into Tanzanian shillings at the rates of exchange ruling at the end of the financial year. The resultant gains/losses on exchange rate translations are dealt with in the statement of financial performance.

2.13 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the University has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

When the University expects a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset only when the reimbursement is virtually certain.

2.14 Grant recognition

Grants from the government and donors are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the University will comply with all attached conditions.

Grant from Government

Cash received from the government is recognised as revenue from non exchange transaction in accordance to Accrual IPSAS 23.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTES

2 Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Grants from Donors

Grants from donors include:

i. Cash received

Recognition of cash received from donors depends on conditions attached to the agreement entered between the University and donors and or between the Government of the United Republic of Tanzania and the Government of the Donor.

Depending on the condition attached to the agreement, SUA recognizes cash received from Donor as asset and liability under deferred income. The spending during the year is recognised as revenue from non exchange transactions as well as expenditure.

ii. Property, Plant and Equipment

Donor grants relating to property, plant and equipment are included in non-current liabilities as deferred donor grants and are credited to the income statement on a straight line basis over the expected useful lives of the related assets.

2.15 Payables and Accrued Charges

Payables are recognised at fair value. Other payables are recognised when incurred through either enjoyment of services on credit and/or receiving of goods supplied on credit.

Accounts payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.16 Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in the statement of financial performance in the period in which they are incurred.

2.17 Employee benefits

Employee benefits are all forms of consideration given by an entity in exchange for service rendered by employees. Employee benefits include short term employee benefit, post-employment benefits, termination benefits and other long term employee benefits.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTES

2 Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Short-term employee benefit

Short-term employee benefits include terms such as:

- a) Wages, salaries, and social security contributions;
- b) Short-term compensated absences (such as paid annual leave and paid sick leave where the compensation for the absences is due to be settled within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related employee service; and
- c) Non-monetary benefits (such as medical care, housing, cars, and free or subsidized goods or services) for current employees.

Accounting for short-term employee benefits is generally straight forward, because no actuarial assumptions are required to measure the obligation or the cost, and there is no possibility of any actuarial gain or loss. Moreover, short-term employee benefit obligations are measured on undiscounted basis.

Therefore, the cost of all short term employee benefits such as salaries, employees leave pay and house allowance are recognized in the Statement of Financial Performance during the period in which the employees render services.

Defined contribution Plans

Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which the University pays fixed contributions into a separate entity (a fund), and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior period.

University staffs are covered under defined contribution plans in which every staff contributes a percentage as prescribed by the Fund. The University contributes to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes for all its employees based on the following rates of contributions for each fund:

	Percentage Contributions		
Scheme	Employee	Employer	Total
	%	%	%
PPF pension fund	5	15	20
Public Service Pension Fund (PSPF)	5	15	20
National Social Security Fund (NSSF)	10	10	20

The University's contributions to the defined contribution schemes are recognised as an employee benefit expense in the statement of financial performance when they fall due. The University has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid.

Effective from July, 2011, employer's contributions have been remitted to the funds by the Treasury in accordance with Circular No. C/BA54/328/01/15. However, short term employees who are employed by the University and their salaries are paid by the Research Projects or the University, their 10% employer contribution are paid by respective projects or the University to the National Social Security Fund (NSSF). For employees especially retired academic members of staff who are on contractual basis granted by the Government are paid their gratuity (25% of their salaries) by the Government through GEPF upon expiry of the contract.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTES

2 Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

2.17 Comparatives

Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation in the current year.

3 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The University makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other variable factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

Biological assets

In measuring fair value of biological assets, management estimates and judgments are required for the determination of fair value. These estimates and judgments relate to the market prices, average weight, age and quality of animals, fruit trees and forestry.

University tests annually whether biological assets have suffered any impairment, in accordance with the accounting policy stated in note 2.8. The recoverable amounts of cashgenerating units have been determined based on value-in-use calculations. The carrying amounts of the biological assets and key assumptions made in estimating these amounts are set out in Note 15.

4 Financial Risk Management

The University's principal financial instruments comprise of loans, fixed deposits, trade payables and trade receivables. The University has various financial assets such as trade receivables, cash and short-term deposits, which arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from the University's financial instruments are market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk which are summarized below:

(a) Market risk

Foreign currency exchange risk

The University has current assets (bank balances) and liabilities which are denominated in US Dollars (USD), Great Britain Pounds (GBP) and Euro. These are subject to exchange rate fluctuations. However, this exposure does not result in a significant risk as foreign currency assets and liabilities are normally settled within a fairly short time.

At 30 June 2017, if the functional currency had strengthened/weakened by 5% against the USD, GBP and EURO with all other variables held constant, effect on surplus or deficit mainly due to translation of bank balances would have been lower/higher as follows:

	2017	2016
	TZS	TZS
United States Dollars (USD)	8,499,668,043	4,368,438,052
Great Britain Pound (GBP)	100,822,044	1,326,045,828
Euro	1,087,971,032	1,575,658,821

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTES

4 Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The University's interest rate risk arises from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the University to cash flow interest rate risk which is partially offset by cash held at variable rates. When borrowings are at a fixed rate, the University is exposed to fair value interest rate risk. The University's long term borrowing is at a fixed interest rate, however, the fair value interest rate risk is considered negligible to have any impact on the statement of financial performance.

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that suitable sources of funds for the University's activities may not be available and thus the University may not be able to fulfil its existing and future cash flow obligations.

The University's approach when managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the University's reputation.

The table below analyses the University's financial liabilities that will be settled on a net basis into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the reporting date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table below are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Less than 1 year TZS	Between 1 and 2 years TZS	Between 2 and 5 years TZS	Total TZS
At 30 June 2017 Tanzania Education Authority loan	136,365,895	220,137,104		356,502,999
Accounts payable	17,334,728,904			17,334,728,904
	17,471,094,799	220,137,104		17,691,231,903
At 30 June 2016 Tanzania Education Authority loan	259,523,565	220,137,104	-	479,660669
Accounts payable	18,850,347,288		-	18,850,347,288
	19,109,870,853	220,137,104	_	19,330,007,957

(d) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to perform or fail to pay amounts due causing financial loss to the University.Potential concentration of credit risk consists principally of bank balances and trade receivables. Credit risk is considered as part of the risk-reward balance of doing business. On entering into any business contract, the extent to which the arrangement exposes the University to credit risk is considered.

Trade receivables are presented net of allowance for doubtful debts. Accordingly, the University has no significant concentration of credit risk which has not been insured or adequately provided for with respect to the trade and other receivables that are neither impaired nor past due. There are no indications as of the reporting date that the debtors will not meet their payment obligations.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTES

4 Financial risk management (continued)

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposures to the University's direct customers (students), including outstanding receivables and committed transactions. For the University, only reputable banks are used as custodians of the University's deposits. The selection of students is mainly based on their academic performance and most students are selected by the Tanzania Commission for Universities (TCU).

The amount that best represents the University's maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying value of its financial assets in the statement of financial position. These are as shown in the table below:

	2017	2016
Financial assets	TZS	TZS
Accounts receivables (excluding prepayments)	9,230,548,974	8,297,087,359
Cash at bank and bank deposits	<u>15,596,857,080</u>	<u>12,972,451,160</u>
	<u>24,827,406,054</u>	<u>21,269,538,519</u>

No collateral is held for any of the above assets. Furthermore, the University does not grade the credit quality of receivables.

None of the above assets are past due or impaired except for the student fees receivables which are past due but not impaired. Student fees receivables are due at the start of the academic year in which they are invoiced. As, such all the student fees receivables are considered to be past due. The aging of the student fees receivable is as shown in the table below:

¥	2017	2016
	TZS	TZS
Past due but not impaired:		
By up to 1 year	2,394,722,999	3,584,982,804
By 1 year to 2 years	1,422,052,894	384,145,453
Over two years	<u>970,107,968</u>	295,896,101
Total past due but not impaired	<u>4,786,883,861</u>	4,265,024,358
	2017	2016
	TZS	TZS
Impaired Receivable	<u>158,028,492</u>	364,371,720

The above amounts have been fully provided for and net carrying amount is therefore zero.

4 Financial risk management (Continued)

(e) Capital risk management

The University's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the University's ability to continue as a going concern in order to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

	2017 TZS	2016 TZS
Tanzania Education Authority loan (Note 20)	356,502,999	479,660,669
Less: Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents (Note 18)	<u>(2,472,245,027)</u>	<u>(2,479,693,438)</u>
Net cash in excess of borrowings	(2,115,742,028)	(2,000,032,769)
Total reserves available	33,185,805,537	33,592,914,420
Gearing ratio	6%	6%

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTES

(f) Financial instruments by category

Financial instruments can be categorised as shown in the table below:

	2017	2016
	TZS	TZS
Financial assets at amortised cost		
Accounts receivables (excluding prepayments)	9,230,548,974	8,297,087,359
Cash and bank balances	<u>15,596,857,080</u>	12,972,451,160
	24,827,406,054	21,269,538,519
Financial liabilities at amortised cost		
Tanzania Education Authority loan	356,502,999	479,660,669
Accounts payables (excluding statutory liabilities)	17,736,969,666	<u>16,477,951,992</u>
	<u>18,093,472,665</u>	<u>16,957,612,6611</u>

5 Government Grants

The University recognized TZS 47,576,028,641 (2016: 49,955,174,021) as income, equivalent to the recurrent and development expenditure incurred during the year under review as shown below:

	2016/2017	2015/2016
	TZS	TZS
Government Subvention Received	47,576,028,641	48,803,174,021
Add: Accrued House Allowance	0	1,152,000,000
Employer's Pension Contribution		-
Salary Arrears		
Total	<u>47,576,028,641</u>	<u>49,955,174,021</u>

6	Revenue from Exchange Transactions	2016/2017	2015/2016
	0	TZS	TZS
	Farm products	255,386,998	301,068,728
	Sale of wood products	406,945,750	374,083,050
	Tuition fees	12,392,105,549	11,471,801,667
	Institutional fees	953,119,024	1,390,282,832
	Accommodation fees	753,437,793	668,071,940
	Application and extension fees	86,265,600	128,570,471
	Rental Income	459,658,280	722,098,648
	Laboratory services	12,553,058	36,453,870
	Water and electricity bills recoveries	113,438,627	54,784,515
	Tender documents	5,526,400	6,900,000
	Sale of food and beverage	31,685,800	57,631,000
	Hospital income	852,558,074	2,075,124,792
	Consultancy Income	89,033,000	0
	Vehicle Income	41,668,381	0
	Miscellaneous income	<u>621,614,169</u>	394,402,504
	Total	17,074,996,503	17,681,274,017

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

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7 Donors' Research Grants

The University recognized TZS 19,018,888,923 (2016: TZS 23,848,334,627) as income, equivalent to the expenditure incurred for the research projects carried out by the University during the year under review. In this regard, TZS 19,018,888,923 (2016: 23,848,334,627) was incurred for recurrent expenditure, while TZS 1,381,229,875 (2016: TZS 3,661,397,513) was used to procure assets.

8 Backlog Depreciation

9

As stated in Note No. 2.3 to this financial statements, depreciation is calculated using straight-line method to allocate cost of fixed assets to their residual values which is 10 percent of cost of their respective assets over their estimated useful lives. Backlog depreciation amounting to Tzs. 1,108,017,735 represents the accumulated

depreciation arrived due to changes in method of depreciation computation from previous years to that of the current year.

The current year depreciation was based on the cost of the asset less 10percent residual value, while in the previous years; the computation was based on cost.

Personnel emoluments 4 Travel and subsistence allowances	17,320,095,410 -	TZS 46,918,216,265
Travel and subsistence allowances	-	
		209,304,500
Leave travel	-	972,863,671
Hotel and catering	-	320,000
Maintenance of office furniture and equipment	-	2,376,000
Water and electricity charges	-	103,673,333
Maintenance of buildings, roads and sewage		
system	-	8,767,960
Postage and telecommunication	-	63,880,892
Security expenses	-	52,201,200
Sanitation expenses	-	405,000
Fuel and lubricants	-	3,311,550
Exhibition Expenses	-	2,050,000
Rent, Rates and Taxes	2,106,600	2,208,364
Water Treatment Expenses	-	26,483,000
One way travel assistance	-	350,762,152
Field practical	-	28,511,600
Burial Expense	-	6,100,000
Audit and verification Expenses	-	7,185,000
Cashier's escort expenses	-	4,055,090
Clinical Allowance	-	574,680,000
Meeting Expenses	-	5,525,000
Examination Expenses	-	12,362,100
Environment Conservation Expense	-	42,665,000
Housing Subsidy Allowance	-	1,166,622,789
Bank Charges and Commission	1,179,332	41,621,801
Total	17,323,381,342	50,606,152,267

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

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10

Internal Revenue Expenditure	2016/2017	2015/2016
General expenses	TZS 594,369,366	TZS 807,664,048
Personnel emoluments	1,065,615,348	818,418,399
Travel and subsistence allowances	636,505,107	637,886,186
Foreign travel	55,816,756	70,031,768
Consultancy expenses	34,448,232	4,134,038
Leave travelling expenses	148,365,550	118,323,000
Maintenance of motor vehicles and machinery	192,487,473	210,256,372
Office expenses and stationery	661,341,203	542,738,331
Fuel and lubricants	291,098,326	324,540,469
Printing and publishing	48,145,000	190,383,500
Maintenance of office furniture and equipment	107,322,854	187,237,700
Legal expenses	2,280,000	15,756,000
Convocation expenses	9,720,000	5,240,000
Uniforms	3,942,000	5,172,000
Tender board expenses	19,852,857	68,124,960
Entertainment expenses	31,147,260	36,453,554
TEA loan interest expenses	0	39,386,461
Water and electricity charges	1,517,523,515	1,338,234,561
Training costs	64,652,846	195,131,993
Newspapers and magazines	20,981,600	31,397,900
University budget expenses	111,951,000	116,531,000
Medical expenses	413,005,737	555,372,716
Maintenance of buildings, roads and sewage system	393,505,984	1,149,810,191
Animal feeds and drugs	111,356,601	136,316,001
Telephone, internet, and e-mail	306,345,223	248,281,743
Council meetings, administrative and academic		
meetings	1,069,134,961	888,769,955
Workshop and seminars	92,891,576	233,234,658
Bank charges	32,999,527	119,254,629
Rental, rates and taxes	23,267,780	1,411,365,998
Graduation ceremony	90,541,448	131,664,664
Examination expenses	959,148,002	471,604,196
Independent water source expenses	73,846,180	70,702,800
Exhibition expenses	79,062,240	119,296,052
Security expenses	451,236,000	183,420,041
Games and sports expenses	49,900,000	90,716,000
Advertisement expenses	14,800,350	100,928,161
Sanitation expenses	341,489,675	341,035,400
Burial expenses	110,491,770	125,126,472

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

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	NUTES		
10	Internal Revenue Expenditure (Continued)	2016/2017	<u>2015/2016</u>
		TZS	TZS
	Teaching materials	247,634,686	116,105,478
	Award for retired staff	63,513,750	254,100,000
	Field practical, dissertation and thesis expenses	804,719,623	1,020,859,619
	Report writing and Compilation	208,413,826	18,520,000
	Direct production units and departments support		
	expenses	0	71,495,602
	Computer expenses	8,630,559	22,499,495
	Honorarium and Triennium expenses	96,830,488	63,563,000
	Clearing and forwarding expenses	10,920,000	5,991,024
	Purchase of small tools expenses	127,112,700	95,327,835
	Contributions and subscriptions	233,016,806	83,790,255
	Laboratory chemicals and drugs	156,083,633	160,025,777
	Cooperate strategic planning cost and coordination		
	expenses	139,143,000	138,096,000
	Extra duty, extra time and other activities expenses	94,490,575	251,075,875
	Data entry, students administration, and students support	432,304,800	575,262,566
	Research coordination expenses	5,613,780	59,396,199
	Pesticides, insecticides and herbicides expenses	374,000	3,069,500
	Student record's administration expenses	61,245,900	272,741,000
	Heavy teaching load, part-time lectures and extra teaching		
	hours	396,919,768	164,837,825
	Manpower, personnel and payroll expenses	200,093,688	341,683,000
	Internal audit and verification expenses	171,261,188	169,467,782
	Special committees and task force expenses	289,856,700	169,449,600
	Cafeteria, catering expenses	10,190,400	7,567,000
	Interview expenses	5,007,000	29,528,000
	Bad and Doubtful Debts	362,563,420	493,366,357
	Student Supervision Honorarium	87,697,485	306,308,750
	Forest & Silviculture expenses	122,722,544	10,252,742
	Quality Assurance and Accreditation expenses	0	155,580,000
	Sponsored Student Upkeep and Settlement	60,516,960	10,520,749
	Insurance & Licence	176,637,374	195,592,780
	Documentation, Publication and Dissemination	569,149,000	0
	Clinical Hospital Expenses	139,891,000	0
	Councillor's Fee	33,500,000	13,925,000
	Environmental Conservation Expenses	0	53,371,400
	Contribution to Insurance Fund	0	4,920,000
	Total	15,546,644,000	17,478,232,127

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

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11	Research Grant Expenditure	2016/2017	2015/2016
		TZS	TZS
	General expenses	252,921,108	312,970,031
	Personnel emoluments	1,749,061,082	1,299,537,719
	Travel and subsistence allowances	1,597,579,937	1,788,844,248
	Foreign travel	705,212,494	915,130,662
	Consultancy expenses	103,577,731	309,331,910
	Leave travelling expense	15,092,185	178,600
	Maintenance of motor vehicles and machinery	141,341,077	196,373,239
	Office expenses and stationery	114,741,172	171,937,641
	Fuel and lubricants	153,794,181	241,639,454
	Printing and publishing	19,753,406	105,806,307
	Maintenance of office furniture and equipment	32,967,245	89,344,298
	Training costs	2,919,974,617	3,012,823,760
	Newspapers and magazines	8,235,512	4,622,000
	Medical expenses	0	5,137,462
	Maintenance of buildings, roads and sewage system	200,632,237	400,251,274
	Animal feeds and drugs	66,523,000	57,413,805
	Postage and Telecommunications	71,765,232	76,061,601
	Administrative and academic meetings	166,302,005	485,645,204
	Workshop and seminars	1,165,780,810	1,817,250,857
	Bank charges	123,052,538	145,795,739
	Insurance	87,201,070	11,598,446
	Rental, rates and taxes	19,159,876	41,352,615
	Security expenses	10,200,821	4,954,000
	Advertisement and promotion expenses	48,595,563	3,973,767
	Sanitation expenses	28,472,249	10,588,418
	Research and teaching materials	395,511,872	502,616,269
	-		
	Laboratory Consumables	202,298,960	388,007,939
	Field practical, dissertation and thesis expenses	710,050,423	961,237,131
	Research Proposal and report writing Expenses	771,753,105	401,512,605
	Extension/farmer research expenses	321,936,170	238,335,745
	Computer expenses	604,633,196	199,267,207
	Purchase of small tools expenses	208,450,045	247,611,559
	Contributions and subscriptions	10,399,073	4,307,096
	Data Entry and Students administration expenses	575,494,341	566,454,561
	Hotel expenses	192,840,317	172,144,862
	Audit fee and expenses	415,642,937	201,745,010
	Clearing and forwarding expenses	132,499,664	138,972,799
	Research administration support expenses	2,784,885,503	2,239,306,721
	Purchase of journals and periodicals	0	19,037,279
	Institutional costs	623,502,732	1,662,420,811
	Collaborative institute expenses	930,302,022	3,835,533,852
	Short courses expenses	0	33,169,303
	Supervision honorarium expenses	39,755,672	100,817,949
	Electricity and gas expenses	6,321,577	447,955
	Monitoring and evaluation expenses	246,484,242	170,569,917
	Special committees and task force expenses	<u>44,189,924</u>	<u>256,255,000</u>
	Total	<u>19,018,888,923</u>	23,848,334,627

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTES

12 Income Tax

The University has not recognised any income tax liabilities or assets in these financial statements because in the opinion of the University Council it is more likely than not that no payments for income taxes will be made or demanded in the foreseeable future taking into account past experience and the current practice in the education industry in Tanzania. The University receives no similar exemption is in respect of Value Added Tax except for projects where there are such provision in the agreement entered between the Government of United Republic of Tanzania and donor countries. The University has no trading company which operate as a commercial entity; all University campuses are mainly for research and students teaching purposes hence are not subjected to corporation Tax.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTES

13 Property, Plant and Equipment

* *				Furniture						
Dentionland	Tand	Deril din oo	Plant and	and	Commutant	Motor vehicles	Independent water source	Carls total	Capital work	Total
Particulars	Land TZS	Buildings TZS	machinery TZS	equipment TZS	Computers TZS	TZS	water source TZS	Sub-total TZS	in progress TZS	TZS
	12.5	12.5	12.5	125	123	123	125	12.5	12.5	12.5
Year ended 30 June 2017										
Opening net book amount		24,920,435,303	106,465,738	4,072,183,343	877,000,223	1,577,529,569	396,139,472	32,016,216,148	3,927,633,620	35,943,849,768
Additions		444,191,473	-	629,532,384	87,086,144	69,748,355	-	1,230,558,356	1,020,115,493	2,250,673,849
Transfer		735,279,940	-			-	-	735,279,940	(735,279,940)	
Backlog Depreciation		610,303,014	8,462,901	297,531,310	(84,284,767)	95,941,361	180,063,416	1,108,017,735	-	1,108,017,235
Adjustment		-	-	(4,080,772)	-	-	-	(4,080,772)	-	(4,080,772)
Depreciation		(1,393,325,455)	(9,911,865)	(968,320,246)	(193,252,554)	(392,838,905)	(36,012,680)	(2,993,661,705)	-	(2,993,661,705)
Closing net book amount	66,442,500	25,316,884,275	105,036,774	4,026,846,019	686,549,046	1,350,380,380	540,190,208	32,092,329,202	4,212,469,173	36,304,798,375
At 30 June 2017	66,442,500	38,768,909,651	656,134,698	11,603,211,615	4,245,273,240	6,376,300,249	900,317,000	62,616,588,954	4,212,469,173	66,829,058,126
Cost										
Accumulated depreciation		(13,452,025,376	(551,097,924)	(7,576,365,596	(3,558,724,194)	(5,025,919,869)	(360,126,792)	(30,524,259,751)	-	(30,524,259,751)
Net book amount	66,442,500	25,316,884,275	105,036,774	4,026,846,019	686,549,046	1,350,380,380	540,190,208	32,092,329,202	4,212,469,173	36,304,798,375
Year ended 30 June 2016										
Opening net book amount	66,442,500	23,754,189,916	68,026,760	4,060,099,408	715,486,942	1,323,719,875	432,152,152	30,420,117,553	3,684,907,126	34,105,024,679
Additions	-	152,167,994	54,754,584	930,931,521	341,234,140	676,616,841	-	2,155,705,080	2,535,608,625	4,691,313,705
Transfer		2,292,882,131						2,292,882,131	(2,292,882,131)	
Depreciation		(1,278,804,738)	(16,295,606)	(918,847,586)	(179,720,859)	(422,807,147)	(36,012,680)	(2,852,488,616)	-	(2,852,488,616)
Closing net book amount	66,442,500	24,920,435,303	106,485,738	4,072,183,343	877,000,223	1,577,529,569	396,139,472	32,016,216,148	3,927,633,620	35,943,849,768
Cost	66,442,500	37,799,119,824	656,134,698	10,974,329,230	4,157,537,095	6,306,551,893	900,317,000	60,860,432,240	3,927,633,620	64,788,065,860
Accumulated depreciation	00,442,000	(12,878,684,521)	(549,648,960)	(6,902,145,887)	(3,280,536,872)	(4,729,022,324)	(504,177,528)	(28,844,216,092)	5,921,055,020	(28,844,216,092)
Net book amount	66,442,500	24,920,435,303	106,485,738	4,072,183,343	877,000,223	1,577,529,569	396,139,472	32,016,216,148	3,927,633,620	<u>(28,844,218,092)</u> 35,943,849,768
	00,442,000	24,720,433,303	100,400,700	+,072,103,343	677,000,225	1,077,027,009	370,137,472	52,010,210,140	5,921,055,020	55,745,047,700

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

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	TZS	TZS	TZS	TZS	TZS
Year ended 30 June 2016					
At 1 July 2015	260,535,000	49,056,414	237,393,555	12,170,452,993	12,717,437,962
Gain/(loss) arising from changes in fair value less					
estimated selling costs	87,490,000	43,156,081	92,081,205	933,199,629	1,055,926,915
At 30 June 2016	348,025,000	92,212,495	329,474,760	13,003,652,622	13,773,364,877
Year ended 30 June 2017					
At 1 July 2016	348,025,000	92,212,495	329,474,760	13,003,652,622	13,773,364,877
Acquisition of Sheep Gain/(loss) arising from changes in fair value less	1,450,000	-	-	-	1,450,000
estimated selling costs	24,725,000	(17,414,308)	52,263,068	(1,372,023,608)	(1,312,449,848)
At 30 June 2017	374,200,000	74,798,187	381,737,828	11,631,629,014	12,462,365,029

The fair value of livestock was determined based on the market prices of similar age, breed and genetic merit.

Seedlings/vegetables are measured at cost and plantation crops are measured at fair value using discounted cash flow valuation model.

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

#### NOTES

#### 14 Biological Assets (Continued) Valuation of Growing Timber

Valuation of standing timber requires critical assumptions and estimates. The single most used valuation method for determination of fair-value of standing timber is a Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) model, though in rare cases a mixed method of historical cost and DCF were used. Historical cost was used to determine the value of young plants (saplings) where their volumes could not be determined.

The model took into account the following assumptions and estimates: forest management plan, land preparation costs, plants (seedlings) costs, planting, Silvicultural (pruning and thinning) costs, harvesting (clear felling/ logging and transportation) costs, forest access road maintenance costs, production costs of lumber (sawmilling), Management, Financing and Insurance costs, storage costs, timber species, class sites, growth rate (annual volume increment), forest produce prices, production recovery rate, discount rate and historical costs.

Seventeen point five six(17.56%) percent discount rate was used to discount future cash flows anticipated to flow to the University for sale of standing timber or/and related products. The discount rate was derived by adding two point four four (2.44%) percent risk assumed to be attached to Government organizations to the market rate of Treasury bill which was fifteen point one two (15.12%) percent in year 2016

The dynamics and sensitivity inherent in the DCF were carried out to determine how the Present Value (PV) model responded with varying discount rate, cost and revenue. Therefore, fair-value is stated net of point of sale costs.

#### 15. Intangible Assets

	<u>2017</u> TZS	<u>2016</u> <u>TZS</u>
Vote Book Software	26,669,550	17,780,300
Library Catalogue Software	1,110,000	1,110,000
Student Record Software	<u>45,664,812</u>	45,664,812
Total	<u>73,444,362</u>	<u>64,555,112</u>

The intangible assets are considered to have indefinite useful life because they are in-house developed to suit University's needs. Impairment review was performed during the year indicating that no provision is required.

#### 16 Inventories

	2017	2016
	TZS	TZS
Stationery stock,s	744,250	606,215
Building materials	1,057,531	1,092,280
Cleaning materials	466,250	606,700
Spare parts	651,566	2,208,989
Timber and logs	108,614,433	140,770,412
Fuel	6,230,310	3,482,250
Human medicines	7,237,100	75,043,675
Chemicals	6,065,791	31,180,200
Hospital (Lenin) Consumables	25,008,500	54,530,800
Stake Firewood	33,742,815	7,853,644

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTES		
Sub-total	189,818,546	317,375,165
Less: Provision for obsolete and damaged inventories	<u>369,731</u>	<u>323,127</u>
Total	<u>189,448,815</u>	317,052,038
17 Accounts Receivable		
Student fees receivable	4,786,883,861	4,265,024,358
Sundry receivables	800,093,865	1,030,603,782
Collaborative institute debtors	1,406,697,511	1,493,957,298
Staff loans and advances	6,947,150	6,947,150
Research imprests	1,022,963,266	689,747,472
Staff imprests	1,079,969,881	787,387,442
Prepayments	372,130,914	372,811,053
Project Debtors	2,600,000	107,350,001
Rental Debtors	187,989,976	132,763,704
Staff car loans	94,431,956	147,677,872
	9,760,708,380	
Provision for impairment of receivables	<u>(158,028,492)</u>	<u>(364,371,720)</u>
Total	9,602,679,888	<u>8,669,898,412</u>

#### 18 Government Grant Receivable

The receivable balance of government grant at 30 June 2017 arose, from the fact that the amount that was actually received from the government was not enough to cover the actual expenditure incurred by the University.

The total amount receivable from government can be analysed as follows:

	2017	2016
	TZS	TZS
Staff House Allowance	2,678,269,141	2,678,269,141
Employer contribution to pension authorities not received from		
Government	0	1,260,867,400
Staff accrued charges	5,804,932,295	5,804,932,295
Payroll Deductions June 2017	330,861,065	350,212,302
Development funds for construction of students hostels not yet	1,374,609,565	2,280,962,320
received from Government		
Total	<u>10,188,672,066</u>	12,375,243,458
19 Cash and Bank Balance		
Government Grant	(21,473,907)	803,093,638
Internal revenue	2,545,045,278	1,676,599,800
Donor funds (a)	10,579,566,775	10,294,596,688
Payable bank accounts (a)	2,493,718,934	<u>198,161,034</u>
Total	15,596,857,080	12,972,451,160
Less: Restricted funds (a)	13,124,612,053	(10,492,757,722)
Cash and cash equivalents	2,472,245,027	2,479,693,438

(a) Under the terms of various Project Agreements between University and the donors, the University must maintain separate project bank accounts for these funds and their use is restricted to the eligible project expenditure. At the year end the total restricted funds amounted to TZS.13, 073,285,748 (2016: TZS 10,492,757,722) and for purposes of the statement of cash flows are excluded from cash and cash equivalents.

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

#### NOTES

20	Deferred Asset Grant	<u>2017</u> TZS	<u>2016</u> TZS
	As at 1 July Acquisition of assets during the year	15,475,852,271 1,381,229,875	30,398,636,618 3,661,397,513
	Back Log Depreciation adjustments deferred asset	<u>205,600,811</u> 17062,682,957	<u>(17,284,038,903)</u> 16,775,995,228
	Amortization for the year <b>At 30 June</b>	<u>1,394,555,882</u> <u>15,668,127,075</u>	( <u>1,300,142,957</u> ) <u>15,475,852,271</u>

#### 21 Tanzania Education Authority Loan

The University obtained a loan of TZS 982,754,930 in July 2011 from the Tanzania Education Authority for the purpose of financing the construction of Lecture Theatre II. As at 30 June 2014 a total of TZS 947,482,800(2013: TZS 947,482,800) had been disbursed to the contractor and has been recognised as borrowings. The loan carries the interest of 6% per annum. The loan and the interest are repayable annually over a five year period beginning 25 June 2012. The loan is unsecured but is guaranteed by the Ministry of Education and Vocational Training.

At July	2017 TZS	2016 TZS
Balance as at 01 July,	479,660,669	700,274,208
Repayment on 15 June	(110,068,552)	(220,137,104)
Interest charged during the year	0	39,386,461
Interest paid on 25 June	<u>(13,089,118)</u>	<u>(39,862,896)</u>
At 30 June	<u>356,502,999</u>	<u>479,660,669</u>
Current liability Non-current liability <b>At 30 June</b>	220,137,104 <u>136,365,895</u> <u>356,502,999,</u>	259,523,565 <u>220,137,104</u> <u>479,660,669</u>

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

# NOTES

#### 22 Deferred Income on Donors' Grants

Derenew income on Donoro Giunos		
	2017	2016
	TZS.	TZS.
SUA Farmers Radio	0	550,201,431
Cystinet Project	326,525,763	0
Africa Institute for Capacity Development (AICAD) Association for Strengthening Agricultural Research in	139,705	139,705
Central Africa (ASARECA) Climate Change Impacts, Adaptation and Mitigation in	4,800,000	11,648,561
Tanzania (CCIAM )	471,146,218	551,174,465
Danish International Development Agency(DANIDA) Pilot Research	108,617,205	782,690,075
Danish Government Institute for Seed Pathology (DGISP)	929,754	20,479,690
*Various Donors	5,367,074,664	6,612,264,684
Enhancement of Research Capacity in Developing		
Countries(ENRECA)	560	24,919,963
Enhancing Pro-Poor Innovations in Natural Resources and		
Agricultural Value-Chains (EPINAV)	75,117,842	785,543,645
Tanzania Japan Counterpart Fund	259,897	259,897
FIRCOP	7,007	4,561,172
Implementation and Cooperation of Agriculture Research	7,007	4,001,172
and Training (ICART)	582,000	971,549
Network for Enhanced Research in Infectious Disease(NRN)	889,040,792	1,847,800,360
Norwegian Programme for Development, Research and	000,010,09	1,017,000,000
Education (NUFU)	180,000	37,786,731
Rapid Envelope Funding (REF)	645,450	645,450
Southern African Center for Infectious Disease	,	,
surveillance(SACIDS) - Funded by Google Foundation	81,507,180	322,756,113
Southern African Center for Infectious Disease surveillance	, ,	, ,
(SACIDS) - Funded by Welcome Trust	137,354,931	1,736,810,662
Securing Livelihood Through Pig Production (SLIPP)		
SMC Hospital Care and Treatment	140,947	11,439,966
Eastern Arch Mountain Conservation Endowment		
Fund(EAMCEF)	0	1,047,443
International Development Research Centre (IDRC)	8,930,764	49,912,186
Cysticercosis for Eastern and Southern Africa(CESA)	9,108,907	9,108,907
Strategic Partnership Agreement-STRAPA	4,435,196	24,381,185
VlaamseInteruniversitaireRaad (VLIR)	902,438	25,677,521
Enhancing the Measuring ,Reporting &Verification of Forest		
in Tanzania (MRV)	22,586,412	35,542,152
SUA Afrique One Project	1,694,259	25,609,324
Enhancing Climate Change Impact & Mitigation -ECCIAM-	( 000 070	11 100 070
Uluguru Mountain	6,922,870	11,102,870
World Bank Project	3,397,192	2,881,994
SUA SCIFOR Project	26,949,644	52,143,753
SUA TRAHESA Project	305,067,232	336,333,169
SUA-TZ/CAU-China project	0	4,726,937
SUA BSU Project	36,121,390	779,772,613
SUA TRANS-SEC PROJECT	185,960,347	252,842,099
SUA ACE IRPM	1,328,419,102 83 102 164	
Afrique One Aspir BOT Project	83,102,164 5,918,840,638	
BOT Project		186 014 290
SUA-ESUA-621-IL-14-00011 National Carbon Monitoring Project	1,218,209,702 <u>248,382,928</u>	186,914,280 <u>617,292,528</u>
i vational Carbon informering i foject	<u>16,873,101,100</u>	
	10,070,101,100	<u>15,717,640,176</u>

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

#### NOTES

# 22 Deferred Income on Donors' Grants (Continued)

Various donors comprises of 112 projects funded by external partners and 4 projects funded by Governmental organizations within the United Republic of Tanzania. These donors have no separate bank accounts, hence the University maintains two bank accounts namely SUA Main Grant Research Accounts; local and foreign. The University exercises control and monitors grants of these donors by having revenue and cost centre in the computerized budgetary control and financial system, whereby, financial position of each donor can be determined.

23	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	2017	2016
		TZS	TZS
	Trade payables	1,778,882,371	3,616,767,317
	Sundry payables	507,667,897	3,919,998
	Provision for audit fees	582,866,077	601,327,000
	Accrued charges	829,362,703	1,446,221,344
	Interdepartmental	188,585,528	247,327,861
	Student Payable	775,960,082	508,440,675
	Project Creditors	744,680,499	849,430,500
	Provision for Contribution to Health Fund	255,843,100	255,843,100
	Staff Insurance Compensation Payable	8,460,608	8,464,008
	Land Rent Payable	1,369,108,000	1,369,108,000
	Research Grant Payable	369,884,300	0
	Other short term liabilities	10,923,427,739	9,943,497,485
		<u>18,334,728,904</u>	18,850,347,288

#### 24 Related Party Transactions

Below are the summarized transactions with related parties for the year:

#### i) Key management personnel and Council Members' remuneration:

Key management personnel include the Vice-Chancellor, the Deputy Vice-Chancellors and Council Members.

Description	2017	2016 TZS
	TZS	
Salaries and allowances	5,035,796,056	5,296,533,801
Pension	612,532,912	614,471,512
Council Members fees	48,920,000	48,920,000
	<u>5,697,248,968</u>	5,959,925,313

In year 2017, salaries and allowances include: salaries amounting to TZS 4,083,552,744 (2016: TZS 5,959,925,313), house allowance TZS 489,600,000 (2016: TZS 597,600,000) and other allowances TZS 462,643,312 (2016: TZS 602,457,057)

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

#### NOTES

#### 24 Related Party Transactions (Continued) ii) Government and other institutions

	2017	2016
Transactions with related parties include:	TZS	TZS
Treasury: Government grant received in the year		
Other charges	0	168,495,872
Personnel emoluments	47,276,028,641	48,176,166,449
Development	300,000,000	0
House allowance	0	1,152,000,000
Government grant expenditure for the year	47,323,381,342	50 606 152 267
Commission for Science and Technology (COSTECH):		
Postgraduates research costs	76,528,125	163,864,750
Postgraduate fees	1,329,584,271	1,241,485,333
Higher Education Students' Loan Board (HESLB)		
Students fees	12,392,105,549	10,230,316,334
Students allowances	22,644,631,201	18,768,422,875
Balances with related parties include:		
Payables:		
Tanzania Education Authority(TEA) loan	356,502,999	479,660,669
Receivables:		
Government grant receivable	10,188,672,066	12 375 243 458

- Treasury Debts (Government grant receivable) refers to outstanding unremitted funds to SUA pertaining to salaries and gratuity.
- TEA granted a loan to SUA with an interest rate of six percent (6%) for construction of Lecture Theatre. However, as at 30 June 2013 TZS 947.4 million (2012: TZS 744.3 million) had been disbursed to the Contractor M/S B. H. Ladwa.
- COSTECH funds relate to fees and research for postgraduate students.
- Higher Education Students Loan Board (HESLB) sponsors most of the SUA's undergraduate students.

#### 25 Events after the Reporting Date

There were no other significant events after the reporting date which requires any adjustment in the financial statements.

#### 26 Contingent Liabilities

The University had no contingent liabilities at the year-end. (2016: Nil

#### 27 Capital Commitments

The University had the following capital commitments:

	<u>2017</u>	2016
	TZS	TZS
Commitment contracted at 30 June	3,665,679,391	711,783,333
Authorised but not contracted	<u>330,756,108</u>	<u>3,000,000,000</u>
	<u>3,996,435,499</u>	3,711,783,333

#### 28 Ultimate Controlling Party

The Government of the United Republic of Tanzania is the ultimate controlling party of the University.

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

# NOTES

# **APPENDIX I**

Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions Government Grants						
Revenue	Actual TZS	Budget TZS	Variance TZS	Percentage Performance		
Government Grant-For Other Charges	0.00	0.00	0	0		
Government Grant-For Personnel Emoluments	47,276,028,641	54,120,543,027	6,844,514,387	87%		
Government Grant- For Development Total	<u>300,000,000</u>	<u>4,000,000,000</u>	<u>3,700,000,000</u>	8%		
IUlai	<u>47,576,028,641</u>	<u>58,120,543,027</u>	<u>10,544,514,387</u>	<u>82%</u>		

# **APPENDIX 2**

# Revenue from non-exchange transactions-Donor Grants

Revenue	Actual TZS	Budget TZS	Variance TZS	Percentage Performance
Advancing Soil Health in Africa	193,496,714	591,150,000	397,653,286	33%
CCIAM Programme	29,016,934	0.0	(29,016,934)	0.0%
SUA NRN BIOMED	619,686,730	1,076,719,500	457,032,770	58%
Southern Africa Centre for Infectious Diseases (SACIDS)	336,913,611	818,293,406	481,379,795	41%
World Bank: SSCTF SACID Project	247,688,349	387,699,040	140.010,691	64%
Trans- Sec/Globe Project	886,553,579	625,000,000	(261,553,579)	142%
TRAHESA Project	912,972,740	1,189,667,556	276,694,816	77%
Building Stronger University	573,113,708	358,498,000.00	(214,615,708)	160%
AFRIQUEONE Project	27,044,917	0.0	(27,044,917)	0%
SACIDS WELCOME TRUST	1,765,055,038	1,759,288,034	(5,767,004)	100%
Enhancement of SUA's Capacity in ICT	989,398,682	2,047,775,000	1,058,376,318	4488.32%
EPINAV Programme	423,483,674	0.0	(423,483,674)	0%
SUA SACID	73,359,062	608,524,940	535,165,878	12 %
DANIDA PILOT Projects	331,834,563	0.0	(331,834,563)	0%
China Joint Research Centre	10,297,755	389,000,000	378,702,244	3%
IFPHT-WELCOME TRUST	390,443,158	641,153,640	250,710,482	61%
National Carbon Monitoring Centre	1,228,137,692	3,762,987,500	2,534,849,808	33%
SUA CYSTINET	30,226,840	0.0	(30,226,840)	0%
African Centre of Excellency(ACEII)SACID	170,768,183	2,380,869,945	2,210,101,762	7%
African Centre of Excellency(ACEII)PMC	19,318,999	2,380,869,945	2,361,550,946	1%
Other Donors -Research Grant	<u>9,760,077,993</u>	<u>10,595,500,000</u>	835,422,007	<u>92%</u>
Total	<u>19,018,888,923</u>	29,612,996,506	<u>10,594,107,583</u>	<u>64%</u>

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

#### NOTES

# **APPENDIX 3**

# **Revenue from Exchange Transactions-Internal Revenue** Description

Revenue	Actual TZS	Budget TZS	Variances TZS	Performance Percentage
Student Fees	12,392,105,549	11,599,855,831	(792,249,718)	107%
Application & Extensions Fees	86,265,600	105,646,160	19,380,560	82%
Accommodation Income	753,437,793	350,000,000.00	(403,437,793)	215%
Rental revenue from facilities and equipments	459,658,280	493,311,045	33,652,765	93%
Sales of Wood(Forest) products	406,945,750	468,647,000	61,701,250	87%
Farm Products	255,386,998	283,764,513	28,377,515	90%
Laboratory charges	12,553,058	20,387,590	7,834,532	62%
Water and Electricity charges	113,438,627	133,080,000	19,441,373	85%
Hospital charges	852,558,074	921,000,000	68,441,926	93%
Consultancy Income	89,033,000	200,000,000	110,967,000	45%
SUA Vehicle Income	41,668,381	55,000,000	13,331,619	76%
Institutional Fees	953,119,024	1,045,000,000	91,880,976	91%
Miscellaneous Income	658,826,369	0.0	<u>(658,826,369)</u>	<u>0%</u>
Total:	17,074,996,503	<u>15,675,692,139</u>	<u>(1,309,304,364)</u>	<u>109%</u>

## **APPENDIX 4**

# Non-exchange Transactions Expenditure-Government Grant

Non-exchange mansactions experiatione-Government Grant						
	Actual	Budget	Variances	Performance		
Revenue	TZS	TZS	TZS	Percentage		
Basic Salary for permanent						
& contractual staff & fringe	41,613,026,085	48,626,943,027	7,013,916,943	86%		
benefits						
Employers' Contributions to	5,707,069,325	5,493,600,000	213,469,325	104%		
Social Security Funds	5,707,009,525	5,495,000,000	213,409,323	104 /0		
Financial Expenses	1,179,332	0	(1,179,332)	0.0%		
Rental & Hiring Expenses	2,106,600	0	(2,106,600)	0.0%		
Government Grant - For	0.0	4 000 000 000	4 000 000 000	0.0%		
Development	0.0	4,000,000,000	4,000,000,000	<u>0.0%</u>		
Total	47,323,381,342	58,120,543,027	<u>10,797,161,685</u>	<u>81%</u>		

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

# NOTES

# **APPENDIX 5**

# Non-exchange Transactions Expenditure-Donor Grants

Expenditures	Actual TZS	Budget TZS	Variances TZS	Performance Percentage
Salaries, Wages and Employee benefits	1,749,061,082	2,750,000,000	1,000,938,918	64%
Travel & Travel Expenses	2,302,792,431	3,200,000,000	897,207,569	72%
Repair & Maintenance Expenses	528,734,740	600,000,000	71,265,260	88%
Printing, Office supplies &Consumables	335,570,407	420,000,000	84,429593	80%
University Meeting Expenses	166,302,005	180,000,000	13,697,995	92%
Staff Training & Development Expenses	1,826,420,158	1,850,000,000	23,579,842	99%
Student Training & Research Expenses	1,093,509,459	1,500,000,000	406,490,541	73%
Insurance & Licence Expenses	87,201,070	105,000,000	17,798,930	83%
Utility Expenses	6,321,577	10,000,000	3,678,423	63%
Purchase of Small Tools	208,450,045	343,000,000	134,549,955	61%
Research, Teaching &Outreach Expenses	5230,621,314	6,800,000,000	1,569,378,686	77%
Workshop & Seminar Expenses	1,165,780,810	1,850,000,000	684,219,190	63%
Postage and Telecommunications Expenses	204,264,896	275,000,000	70,735,104	74%
Financial Expenses	123,052,538	155,970,000	32,917,462	79%
Sanitation and Environment Expenses	28,472,249	48,500,000	20,027,751	59%
Security & safety	10,200,821	10,500,000	299,179	97%
Computer Expenses	604,633,196	800,000,000	195,366,804	76%
Laboratory & Workshops Expenses	202,298,960	350,000,000	147,701,04-0	58%
Rental & Hiring Expenses	19,159,876	20,170,000	1,010,124	95%
Subscription, Gifts & Donations	10,399,073	12,400,000	2,000,927	84%
Student Administration &Welfare Expenses	575,494,341	740,000,000	164,505,659	78%
Institution Costs	623,502,732	1,770,650,000	1,147,147,270	35%
Animal Feed & Treatment Expenses	66,523,000	100,000,000	33,477,000	67%
Field Practical, Dissemination & thesis Expenses	39,755,672	350,000,000	310,244,328	11%
Audit and Verification Expenses	415,642,937	980,000,000	564,357,063	42%
Other Operational Expenses	464,421,512	1,491,806,506	1,027,384,994	32%
Institutional Collaboration Expenses	<u>930,302,022</u>	<u>2,900,000,000</u>	<u>1,969,697,978</u>	<u>32%</u>
Total	<u>19,018,888,923</u>	<u>29,612,996,506</u>	<u>10,594,152,279</u>	<u>64%</u>

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

# NOTES

# **APPENDIX 6**

# **Exchange Transaction Expenditure (Internal)**

Expenditures	Actual TZS	Budget TZS		Performance Percentage
Salaries, Wages and Employee benefits	967,008,445	980,000,000	12,991,555	99%
Personal Emolument Employer Contributions	98,606,903	98,670,000	63,097	100%
Travel and Travel Expenses Repair and Maintenance Expenses Office supplies and Consumables University Meeting Expenses	692,321,863 527,784,157 682,322,803 1,282,971,518	627,000,000 630,000,000 650,000,000 1,250,000,000	(65,321,863) 102,215,843 (32,322,803) (32,971,518)	110% 84%
Staff Training and Development Expenses	125,169,806	120,000,000	(5,169,806)	104%
Student Training and Research Expenses	396,919,768	400,000,000	3,080,232	99%
Insurance and Licence Expenses Utility Expenses Examination Expenses	176,637,374 1,517,523,515 959,148,002	195,000,000 1,500,000,000 950,000,000	18,362,626 (17,523,515) (9,148,002)	91%
Research, Teaching and Outreach Expenses Sport and Sport Gear Expenses	2,297,674,399 49,900,000	2,130,000,000 46,000,000	(177,674,399) (3,900,000)	108% 108%
Vehicles and Motor Cycles Running Expenses	456,630,480	550,000,000	93,369,520	
Postage and Telecommunications Expenses Financial Expenses	317,265,223 32,999,527	315,000,000 35,000,000	(2,265,223) (2,000,473)	101% 94%
Sanitation and Environment Expenses			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Graduation Expenses Health Care Services	415,335,855 100,261,448 413,005,737	420,000,000 105,000,000 655,000,00	4,664,145 4,738,552 241,994,263	95%
Security and Safety Expenses	451,236,000	463,000,000	49,994,263	89%
Laboratory and Workshops Expenses	156,083,633	175,000,000	18,916,367	89%
Rental and Hiring Expenses	23,267,780	25,000,000	1,732,220	93%
Subscription, Gifts and Donations Student Welfare Expenses Human Recourses Expenses Social Welfare Expenses	233,016,806 432,304,800 353,466,238	250,000,000 450,000,000 400,000,000 200,000,000	16,983,194 17,695,200 46,533,762	96% 88%
Animal Feed and Treatment Expenses	177,947,520 111,730,601	120,000,000	22,052,480 8,269,399	
Marketing and Promotion Expenses Audit and Verification Expenses Hotel Conference Expenses	93,862,590 171,261,188 10,190,400	100,000,000 220,000,000 11,000,000	6,137,410 48,738,812 809,600.00	78% 93%
Printing and Publications Expenses Cost of Production Other Operational Expenses <b>Total</b>	48,145,000 122,722,544 <u>1,651,922,077</u> <u>15,546,644,000</u>	50,000,000 170,000,00 <u>1,555,022,139</u> <b>15,675,692,13</b>	1,855,000 47,277,456 <u>(96,899,950)</u> <u>129,048,139</u>	72% <u>106%</u>